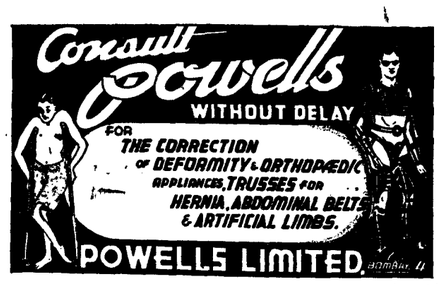

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MAHATMA'S SEALED LETTER TO JAWAHAR

India's Interim Govt. Faces Crisis

BRITISH CABINET SPLIT ON NEHRU'S DEMAND?

But Opinion In Parliament Backs Congress Stand

KARACHI, Feb. 16, (A.P.I.): "There seems to be a split in the British Cabinet on the question arising out of the representation made by Pandit Nehru and repotts are current in London that Lord Pethick-Lawrence and Sir Stafford Cripps share substantially the stand taken by Pandit Nehru, while Mr. A. V. Alexander and Premier Attlee are still undecided on the issue and as to what course should be adopted," said Mr. Lanka Sundaram, a member of the Indian Delegations to the General Assembly and the Human Rights Commissions of the United Nations, on his arrival here today.

ONLY A MIRACLE CAN AVERT CRISIS

He added: "Opinion in the Parliament is stated to be overwhelmingly in favour of Pandit Nehru's thesis and his colleagues in the Interim Government. Talks in official and unofficial circles in London show that only a miracle can stave off the political crisis in India, at any rate, as far as the continuance of Pandit Nehru and his colleagues in the Interim Cabinet is concerned."

Mr. Sundaram on his way to India stayed for four days in London.

MAHATMA'S SEALED LETTER TO NEHRU

CHANDPUR (Noakhali), Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): An important communication has, it is learnt, been sent by Mahatma Gandhi, to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

It may be connected with the question regarding the Interim Government which according to reports, the Congress High Command had referred to Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahatma Gandhi's letter is believed to have been sent through Mr. Sudhir Ghosh—who was Mahatma Gandhi's emissary to London during the Cabinet Mission negotiations. Mr. Ghosh flew to Calcutta during the week-end and from there made a dash for West Keroa yesterday to meet Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. Ghosh is believed to have brought from Delhi an important letter from the Congress High Command regarding the Interim Government. Mr. Ghosh was closeted with Mahatma Gandhi immediately on his arrival and later in the evening there was another prolonged talk between them.

It is learnt that Mahatma Gandhi sent two letters, one of them addressed to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The contents of both letters are "top secret".

Mr. Sudhir Ghosh left last night for Calcutta from where he will fly to Delhi.

PRAKASAM KNOWS NOTHING OF IT!

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Mr. T. Prakasam, Premier of Madras, who arrived here last night had a talk with Sardar Patel this morning on the Ministerial position in his Province and attended the Food Conference presided over by Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

Mr. Prakasam, in an interview said: "I do not wish to make any statement just at this juncture upon the letter given to me to convene a party meeting to consider a no-confidence motion about the leadership, but I may say that no paper containing 110 or 114 signatures was given to me, as announced in the press from Madras, on the same date on which the letter calling for a Party meeting was delivered to me. From enquiries made in Delhi, after I arrived here, no such paper containing 110 or 114 signatures was received in the Congress President's Office either."

Mr. T. Prakasam will meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Prakasam denied that his visit to Delhi is with the intention of seeking the help of the Congress High Command on the ministerial controversy in the province.

Mr. Kala Venkatrao and Dr. T. S. S. Rajan called on Sardar Patel today.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN NEW ZEALAND

Buildings Wrecked: Airlines, Railways & Shipping Disrupted

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Feb. 16. (U.P.A.): The worst cyclone in 25 years wrecked buildings, blew off roofs and shattered walls in many parts of the North Island during the week-end.

An 80-mile-an-hour gale wrecked big Wellington stores exposing thousands of bales of wool to driving rain.

A hundred acres of ripening fruit orchards in the Hawkes Bay district were ruined.

Airlines, railways and shipping were disrupted while the temperature dropped from 82 on Friday to 44 on Saturday.

The salvaged liner Wanganella broke from its wharf moorings and swung perilously into the harbour.

ICY WINDS SWEEP ACROSS EUROPE

Icy winds which swept across Europe today keeping temperatures below freezing caused at least seven more deaths in Berlin, numbed austerity-ridden London, and made fuelless Parisians stay abed.

Seven new deaths from cold reported overnight from Berlin made a total of 156 deaths in that city since December 1. Dermorgen reported that a police survey showed that nearly 16,000 persons were in danger of freezing owing to inadequate home heating.

In Paris citizens stayed in bed as temperatures dropped sharply and a bitter north wind brought snow flurries. Streets and subways were almost deserted.

STOP PRESS

VIET NAM TROOPS SUCCESS

PARIS, Feb. 16, (UPA): Viet Nam troops have reoccupied two Hanoi suburbs from which they were driven several weeks ago, the French Press Agency reported from Hanoi today.

The troops moved in behind the French forces which were pressing a sustained attack on the surrounded native quarter of Hanoi and retook Giap Nhat and Giap Tu.

The agency reported that French planes strafed Viet Nam defences yesterday and said the French estimated that Viet Nam losses were "far greater" than their own.

ANGLO-SOVIET TREATY

Exchange Of Views On Revision Continues

LONDON, Feb. 16, (UPA): The diplomatic correspondent of the Sunday Observer said today that Britain and Russia are continuing the exchange of views regarding revision of the Anglo-Soviet Treaty.

The writer said that the continuing exchange presumably indicated that Moscow had replied to the British request for clarification of Stalin's reference to "weakening" reservations in the treaty.

The Observer said news of this continuing exchange was "learned in London."

The Foreign Office declined to comment on the Observer's report. The Office gave the reminder that there was a complete blackout of official comment on the Anglo-Soviet Treaty negotiations.

Turkey—Transjordan Treaty

LONDON, February 16. (Reuter): The text of the treaty between Turkey and Transjordan, which has been a Sovereign Independent State since last March, was ratified by the Turkish Grand National Assembly last night, according to the Ankara Radio today which gave the Treaty's text as follows:—

Article one:— Eternal peace for all time to come is established by the Treaty between the Turkish Republic and Transjordan.

Article two:—The high contracting parties assume obligation to help in the making of all treaties that would contribute to peace and good understanding.

Article three:—The high contracting parties provide for the signing, at a later date, of a consular and trade agreement.

Article four:—All disputes that might arise between the two contracting parties shall be settled according to articles 33 of the United Nations Charter.

Article five:—Neither the present Treaty nor any other treaties to be signed by the contracting parties may have any points that would conflict with the United Nations Charter.

Article six:—The Treaty, which enters into force after exchange of ratifications, requires one year's notice of denunciation.

STATEMENT IN TURKISH ASSEMBLY

LONDON, Feb. 15, (Reuter): The Turkish National Assembly has approved of a bill ratifying the Pact of Friendship concluded between Turkey and the Transjordan at Ankara on January 11, the Ankara radio said tonight.

Hasan Saka, the Turkish Foreign Minister, addressing the Assembly said: "It is a regrettable fact that lately this pact has been misinterpreted in the press and radio of some neighbouring countries as aiming at purposes which the contracting parties never had in their minds.

"It contains nothing to justify such an interpretation. The Turkish Rebuplican Government is ready to conclude friendship pacts of the same nature not only with neighbouring countries but also with all others desirous of peaceful relations".

Best Insurance Against War

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16, (UPA): Secretary of War Patterson in a speech here said that maintenance of the nation's military strength was the best insurance against another war. He added that the United States should not disarm until disarmament was worldwide.

"All talk of world disarmament will be misleading until Germany's and Japan's future can be forecast. Not being parties to any disarmament arrangements their future behaviour cannot be predicted until the peace treaties," Patterson said. He said that push-button warfare was not at hand and large armies would be still needed.

German Patents

LONDON, Feb. 16. (UPA): The Soviet magazine, New Times, in an article quoted by Radio Moscow said that American and British monopoly interests had seized 1,000 German patents worth billions of dollars since the military occupation of Germany began.

The article said that representatives of American trusts "hot on the heels" of the advancing American Army in 1945 sought valuable patents. These representatives were uniformed members of a special office called "Field Information Agency — Technical" which received instructions from the so-called Office of the Publication Board of the U.S Department of Commerce.

The article said, "Although the United States and Britain have upto the present refrained from naming the exact sum of their reparation claims from Germany they have been extracting reparations in the most diverse form from the very beginning of the occupation."

DECCAN STATES UNION MOVE

Convention To Frame Constitution To Be Held In March

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): A Union of States with a board of rulers as constitutional heads is likely to be formed in Deccan. It is proposed that there would be a properly elected constituent assembly which would be a sovereign body with powers to frame the constitution of the Union States.

There will be no separate boundaries of States, and the existing ones will be removed. There will be no separate administration for any State and the Rulers would form into a board, each of them presiding over the Board by rotation. They will simply remain the constitutional heads and the privy purse and powers will be decided by the constituent assembly, but the hereditary rights and 'privileges' will remain.

CONVENTION IN MARCH.

A convention of the Deccan Princes and representatives of the Regional Councils of the States' Peoples' Conference with Ministers of the Bombay Government will be held in the second week of March next and will formulate tentative proposals which will be placed before another properly elected body which will evolve a Constituent Assembly.

Meantime an Interim Government with full powers would function till the constitution is framed.

The participating States are Sangli, Oudh, Bhor, Phaltan, Miraj (Senior and Junior), Kurundwad (Senior and Junior), Ramdurg, Jath and Savanur.

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Interim Government and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Acting President of the States' People's Conference might probably attend this convention.

Muslims' Demands

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, M.L.A., (Central) President of the Deccan States Muslim League Bloc, has issued the following:

Decision has been taken by the rulers of the Deccan States to form a Union Centre.

The Deccan States Muslim League Bloc Conference, which was held in Jamkhandhi had explicitly demanded from the rulers of the Deccan States an unequivocal assurance and declaration that the political, religious, cultural and economic rights and interests of the Mussalmans will in no way be jeopardised by this move and the Mussalmans of the Deccan States will be given adequate representation in the constitution-making body of this Union. It is regrettable that no such announcement has been made. I appeal once again to the rlers of the Deccan States to make such déclaration which would satisfy their Muslim subjects.

Osmania Honours Sargent, Raman & Mrs. Naidu

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD Feb. 16.

At the convocation of the Osmania University, held today, Sir John Sargent, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Ghulam Yazdani were conferred honorary degrees of Doctorate in literature and Sir C. V. Raman with degree of Doctorate in Science.

INDEPENDENCE THIS YEAR

Burma Policemen's Threat Of All-Out Struggle

RANGOON, Feb. 16. (Reuter): The Burma police will launch an "all out struggle for National Independence", declared U. Wann Maung, President of the All Burma Police Union, addressing about 10,000 members of the police force here to-day.

The police leader added that the struggle will be launched if Burma's independence is not achieved before November 1 this year.

The Police Union Conference which has been going on for the last three days, was concluded today, but the decision regarding police participation in the strike has been postponed until the end of February.

In an interview with "Reuter" after the conference, the leader of the Police Union, which has played a big part in last year's general strike in Burma, said: "We are not connected with the present strike which, though sponsored by the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League at present, is run by the communists. The A.F.P.F.L. apparently is unable to settle the strike. The monster of their own creation is now beyond their control."

Questioned whether the Police Union supported the A.F.P.F.L. or any other political group, U. Wann Maung said: "We have no party or political affiliations. Ours is a well-organised disciplined force with a strength of 35,000—the most powerful organisation in the country.

FREEDOM LEAGUE BACKS LONDON AGREEMENT

The Supreme Council of the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League today unanimously endorsed the agreement reached at the recent Anglo-Burmese negotiations in London.

Mr. A. G. Bottomley, Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions, attended as an observer the meeting which was held in camera.

To-morrow the Council will discuss its future programme including the general elections.

Leaders of all Burmese parties, except Freedom League and Communists, had decided last Sunday to launch a campaign to "wreck" the London agreement.

ANTI-AUNG SAN FRONT EXPOSED

Burma to-day is threatened with a "undesirable civil strife", declared the popular Burmese daily "Peoples Forum", commenting on a move by Anti-A.F.P.F.L. groups to launch a compaign against the Attlee-Aung San agreement.

The paper said: "U. Saw, Thakin Ba Sein, Dr. Ba Maw and others are engaging themselves in political stunts which the people cannot support. We dare say that they cannot have any sincerity of purpose. They are just fighting for political power and leadership".

The paper also attacked U. Aung San for "his threats against newspapers which did not support the Atlee-Aung San Agreements". The paper alleged that U. Aung San used abusive language against some newspapers which criticised his actions and added: "If U. Aung San does not rectify his errors, he will be only encouraging U. Saw, Thakin Ba Sein, Dr. Ba Maw and others and Burma will be in a mess".

HUGE EFFORTS TO PILE COAL STOCKS

LONDON, Feb. 16 (U.P.A.): Thousands of miners, railwaymen and stevedores, working through the Sabbath, today, further built up depleted stocks of coal at electricity and gas works but a Fuel Ministry spokesman warned that "there is a good way to go yet"

Eight coal pits in Wales and four in Somerset, with an expected output of 6,000 to 7,000 tons of coal operated as usual. Others were at Blyth, the Tyne and Sunderland.

Welsh pits attendance was 94 percent of normal. Only four men failed to appear at one pit in South Wales. They were engaged in "religious duties" their union reported.

No figures were available yet for the unprecedented Sunday movement of coal but the Fuel Ministry said deliveries by sea, railway and highway on Saturday added 47,000 tons to the coal stock piles at the nation's power stations."

This boosted total stocks on hand at the end of the first week of compulsory power cuts to all but essential industries to 1,053,000 tons—10 and 1/2 days supplies as compared with under nine days a week ago.

In the 24 hours ended at noon today, 44 ships left north-east coast ports with 73,500 tons of coal, 27 of them with 56,500 tons for London alone. Since midnight, February 9th an estimated 250,000 tons of coal have been discharged in the Thames.

Coal stocks at gas plants in London rose from 203,000 tons yesterday to 212,000 tons today.

A Fuel Ministry spokesman said the weather remained the main threat to the building up of stocks. Continued freezing temperatures were predicted and snow or storms might set back the whole programme, he said.

For this reason too, he added, the Ministry has refused to make any prediction of the duration of power cuts.

The deputy leader of the Opposition, in a statement tonight, took Prime Minister Attlee to task for telling a public meeting last night in the midst of the fuel crisis that the Government was going ahead with full socialist programme.

"National unity is not thereby encouraged," Mr. Eden said, "National effort is needed to meet the national emergency. The responsibility of the Government is indeed a heavy one. Let them shoulder it in a national and not partisan spirit."

The Prime Minister's Special Coal Committee of the Ministers and Experts, hopes that by Tuesday it will be able to fix a provisional day for the resumption of electric current to industry, "Reuter" learns. Domestic cuts will certainly not be cancelled this week nor probably the next and industry will be able to resume at only about half speed at first.

HOOVER IN BERLIN

BERLIN, Feb. 16, (UPA): Former President Herbert Hoover returned to Berlin today from Rome and immediately resumed conferences with American military government authorities on Europe's food problems.

SAVE HELIGOLAND

FRANKFURT Feb. 16, (Reuter): The Government of Schleswig Holeswig Holstein has made an "eleventh hour appeal" to the British Military Government to "refrain from destroying" Heligoland, the world's most heavily-fortified island off the North Sea coast of Germany, and urged that it be handed over to the United Nations.

Bhopal Clarifies States' Position

"No Suggestion From Any Quarter Of Any Threat Of Defection"

BHOPAL, Feb. 15 (A.P.I.): On his attention being drawn by the Associated Press of India to the conflicting reports which have been appearing in a section of the Press regarding the attitude of the States 'vis-a-vis' negotiations which recently took place in New Delhi, His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes has authorised the Associated Press of India to issue the following statement:

"Certain statements which have appeared in the Press make it necessary for me to clarify the position regarding the satisfactory conclusion of the first stage of negotiations between the Negotiating Committees of the States and Constituent Assembly. I have no desire to enter into any controversy or to criticise any body. I wish to confirm myself severely to the facts as, I know them. The committees over which I have the honour to preside have, from time to time, during the course of the recent discussions unanimously passed resolutions dealing with the matters under examination. I have released all these for publication and feel I can safely leave it to the world to draw from these, its conclusions as to what the real truth is.

The credit, if there is any question of credit, must, on the side of the States, go to the entire personnel of the States' Negotiating Committee, to the Standing Committee of Princes, to the Constitutional Advisory Committee of the States and to all the Princes and Ministers who took part in our recent discussions.

"NO THREAT OF DEFECTION"

All the decisions taken by the States have been unanimous throughout and there has been no suggestion from any quarter of any threat of defection from the ranks of the States or of disagreement on any of the basic principles involved. It was the reasonable attitude of the States and the unanimous character of these decisions that enabled the States to put forward a case which they felt was essential in their interests. But the States cannot claim all or even the major part of the credit.

I owe it to the Negotiating Committee appointed by the Constituent Assembly to record my deep appreciation of the reasonableness of its chief spokesmen without whose satisfactory attitude towards the substance of the States' contentions, an understanding would certainly not have been possible, and the negotiations would have broken down."

SIR C.P.'S REPLY TO SIR B. L. MITTER

MADRAS, Feb. 16 (A.P.I.): Sir C.P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, has issued the following:

"Having been asked to express my views on some recent statements regarding the work of the Indian States Negotiating Committee and those attributed to Sir B. L. Mitter during a press conference in Baroda, I find that my task has been lightened by the official statement issued by the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes this morning.

The only useful additions that I can make to that statement are:—

(A) Having attended all the meetings of the States Negotiating Committee and the Constitutional Advisory Committee of both of which I am a member, I can assert that the decisions taken in those committees were passed without any dissent, whatever may have taken place behind the scenes or during informal discussions outside these bodies of which I am not personally aware.

(B) There was vague speculation in Delhi to an alliance between States led by the Chancellor and the Muslim League to oppose the Congress. I knew of no such alliance.

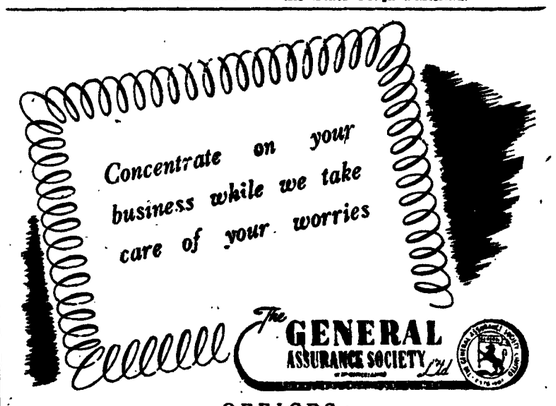
STORY OF SPELL

I cannot comment upon the alleged lead taken by Baroda and its reported success in 'breaking a spell which is stated to have held some or all the rulers in moral subjection, as I had not experienced any such spell and was unaware of the methods by which it had been broken. All that I know is that Sir B. L. Mitter was present during the last joint meeting of the Rulers and Ministers numbering more than 30 persons on February 10 at which he stated that he had informed Congress leaders that most of the Fundamental Propositions adverted to in the Princes' resolution were clear and really outside the scope of any discussion and, therefore, it was really needless to emphasise them. His attitude was welcomed by the Chancellor and the Jam Sahab of Nawanagar and he cordially responded and replied that if his ruler permitted, he would take part on March 1 in the meeting of the States Negotiating Committee with the Committee appointed by the Constituent Assembly.

Not knowing all that is asserted to have transpired behind the scene, I was naturally surprised to be told that Baroda had to confront many difficulties and had to fight against the rights and privileges claimed by the Rulers. I was not cognisant of any such fight. The claims made by the States were only those that have been conceded by the Cabinet Mission in their statement and taken for granted, after full discussion, during the talks with the representatives of the Constituent Assembly.

A verbatim report of the proceedings of the two Negotiating Committees was made available to the Chancellor by the courtesy of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and it was communicated to the meeting at which Sir B. L. Mitter was present; and if it can be published it would disclose, as the Ruler of Bhopal has stated, that the reasonable attitude of the Congress leaders in dealing with the propositions advanced seriatum on behalf of the states led to the satisfactory conclusion of the talks."

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 16, (API): Eleven candidates out of a total of 29 from Kolhapur State for the Regional Council of Deccan States for the year 1947-48 were elected today by the State Praja Parishad.



OFFICES:

Ahmedabad	Calcutta	Jalpaiguri (Bengal)	New Delhi
Agra	Cawnpore	Karachi	Nairobi (British E. Africa).
Allahabad	Coimbatore	Lahore	Patna
Ajmer	Colombo (Ceylon)	Lucknow	Rawalpindi
Amritsar	Cuttack	Madras	Secunderabad (Dn.)
Bombay	Dacca	Madura	Sukkar (Sind)
Baroda	Gauhati	Moradabad	Srinagar (Kashmir)
Bellary	Hubli	Multan	Sylhet
Bezwada	Hyderabad (Sind)	Nagpur	Trichinopoly
Bangalore	Indore City		

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED CLERKS for the Office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona. Graduates preferred. Matriculates will be considered provided they can type at the rate of 40 words per minute. Pay Rs. 50|- for Honours Graduates, Rs. 40|- for Pass Graduates and Rs. 30|- for Matriculates plus dearness allowance and interim relief according to rules and so long as they are continued by Government.

Forms of applications will be supplied on request. Applications should reach not later than 1-3-1947.

2123

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male European or Anglo-Indian candidates to fill a temporary vacancy in the post of English Master in the Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, in the Bengal General Service. Pay—Rs. 350-600 plus usual dearness allowance. Age—should not be over 35 years on 1st February, 1947: a relaxation of the age limit may be allowed in the cases of candidates possessing superior qualifications and experience. Qualifications—A candidate must be a graduate of a recognised University with Honours in English. Preference will be given to a candidate possessing the M.A. degree. Subsidiary Latin, History or Geography will count as additional qualifications. Must possess a teaching diploma or degree and have had experience in teaching English upto the Senior Cambridge (School Certificate) standard. Elocution, Dramatic, Musical, Scouting and Athletic experience and qualifications will be taken into account. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November, 1946 provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in hand writing and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own hand writing. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for the receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 24th February, 1947.

2131

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from members of the Scheduled Castes to fill a permanent gazetted post of Assistant Agricultural Engineer in the Bengal Agricultural Service. Persons having lien on substantive appointments under the Government of Bengal, who are eligible for appointment to this post by promotion, will not be eligible to apply. Pay—The post is permanent and pensionable and carries a scale of pay of Rs. 150-25-200-25/2-300-50/2-650 (efficiency bar after the 18th stage). In the case of a specially qualified candidate, initial pay at a rate higher than the minimum of the scale may be granted on the basis of his qualifications, age and experience. Age—should not ordinarily be over 25 years on 1st February 1947. Preference will be given to candidates who are natives of or are permanently domiciled in Bengal. A relaxation of the age limit will, however be made by Government up to 35 years in cases of candidates possessing special qualifications. Qualifications—candidates must hold a degree in Mechanical Engineering or Agricultural Engineering of an Indian or Foreign University: experience in designing and application of Agricultural machinery will be considered additional qualifications. A candidate will not be entitled to any travelling allowance for journey to join his new appointment. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November 1946 provided that the form used is of the size and shows exactly the wording and spacing of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for the receipt of applications, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 18th February, 1947.

2128

USUFRUCT CONTRACT

TENDERS ARE INVITED for an Usufruct contract for the estate at the Ammunition Transit Depot, Trombay (Mankhurd). The estate contains largely of mango and tamarind trees. Intending tenderers desiring more information will contact the Ordnance Officer, Ammunition Transit Depot, Trombay, on week days between the hours 10 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Tenders will be submitted so as to reach the C.O.O., Ordnance Depot, P.O. Box 907, Bombay, by 1st March, 1947.

2141

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL
PUBLIC NOTICE

Sub:—Import of Paste Boards, Mill Boards, Card Boards, etc.

IMPORTERS of Paste Boards, Mill Boards, Card Boards etc. falling under Serial No. 45A of part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule should apply for a licence to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, in the prescribed form. Regular importers and actual users who have past imports to their credit should send their Bills on Entry, Invoices etc. in support of their past imports during any year and from any source.

M. H. MAHMOOD,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.

Arya Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 14th February, 1947.

2122

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. BANUBAI KAIKHUSHRU SETHNA of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property free from encumbrances to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, possession inheritance, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Spinner Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground partly of redeemed Pension and Tax Tenure and partly of Fazandari Tenure, admeasuring 436 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Chira Bazar, Girgaum Road, in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under New Survey No. 177 and 177 and Cadastral Survey No. 1|680 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward Nos. 2017, 2018 and 3843 and Street Nos. 503-505, Girgaum Road and bounded, on the North partly by the property of Dwarkadas Bhimjee and partly by the property of Ramchandra B. Rawoot, on the South by a common passage, on the East by a common passage and on the West by Girgaum Road.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1947.

SOLOMON & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(1982)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MICS. NAVAL STORES

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, M|s. BENNETT & CO. will TODAY MONDAY, the 17th inst. at 9 A. M. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at Malat Bunder Road Wadi Bunder, Warehouse & then at A & C Warehouses at Frere Road, Naval Stores such as:—Shackles, blocks assorted sizes, Life boats equipments, flags & buntings, piping metal plates, tanks, lockers, machinery parts, presses, S. W. rope towing, wire rope, scrap timber, wooden & steel magazine scrap feroze metal screws, canvass, folding doors, brushes, copal & floor varnish, oil, and lubricants, thermometers, etc.

TERMS: 25% deposit. Balance in 7 days & delivery in 21 days. If purchasers fail to observe conditions regarding payment and delivery, deposit and purchase money will be forfeited & sale cancelled.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 17,528. 44|5 GALLON STEEL BARRELS & 21,748 G. PETROL CANS.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay M|s. BENNETT & CO. will on FRIDAY, the 21st February, 1947, at 9 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the side of Port Salvage Haji Bunder the abovementioned articles.

TERMS: 25% deposit balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days. If purchasers fail to observe conditions regarding payment and delivery, purchase money will be forfeited to Government and sale cancelled. Purchasers will have to pay Sale Tax.

AUCTION SALE OF RIGHTS TO COLLECT AND RECEIVE FEES AT THE SCALE SHED OF THE ARTHUR CRAWFORD MARKET.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, M|s. BENNETT & CO. will TODAY MONDAY, the 17th inst. at 9 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the Office of Arthur Crawford Market the right to collect and receive fees at the scale shed of the Arthur Crawford Market for the period of 12 months from 1st April, 1947, to 31st March, 1948.

For further particulars and conditions apply to the Markets Superintendent or to undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner is not bound to accept any higher or any other offers.

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 254 of 1947

THE INDIAN PRODUCE CO. LTD., a private Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, having its Registered Office at Gaya Building, Masjid Bander Road without the Fort of Bombay. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) Seth Velji Lakhamsey of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, (2) Seth Devji Ratansey also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, (3) Seth Vallabhdas Peraj also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, (4) Messrs. Shivji Bhara and Co., (5) Messrs. Kilachand Devchand and Co. Ltd., (6) Messrs. Govindji Bharmal and Co., (7) Messrs. Nathubhai Kuverji and Co., (8) Messrs. Mansey Lakhamsey and Co., (9) Messrs. Lalji Punsey and Co., (10) Messrs. Gorakhram Hariram, (11) Messrs. R. Ratilal & Co. (12) Messrs Trambaklal Amulakh (13) Messrs. Premji Haridas and Co., (14) Messrs. Premji Bhanji and Co., (15) Messrs. Devji Lalji and Co., (16) Messrs. Premji Versey and Co., (17) Messrs. Harsukhdas Jodhraj and Co., (18) Messrs. Megji Hirji and Co. (19) Messrs. Parshottam Kuverji and Co., (20) Messrs Liladhar Mulji, (21) Messrs. Motibhai Pachan and Co., (22) Messrs. Bhagwandas Mulji and Co., (23) Messrs. Bhailal Raichand and Co., (24) Messrs. Hathibhai Bulakhidas, (25) Messrs. Sevantilal Nagindas, (26) Messrs. Manekji Nensey and Co., (27) Messrs. Hirji Lakhmichand and Co., (28) Messrs. Lakhmidas Vallabhji and Co., (29) Messrs Umedchand Kashiram and Co., (30) Messrs. Hariram Gopalji and Co., (31) Messrs Premji Kanji and Co., (32) Messrs. Khushalchand Damji and Co., (33) Messrs. Virji Daya and Co., (34) Messrs. Kanji Shivji and Co., (35) Messrs. Chhotalal Punjabhai and Co., (36) Messrs. Dwarkadas Haridas, (37) Messrs. Devji Keshavji and Co., (38) Messrs. Madhukar Kantilal, (39) Messrs. Nemidas Vishanji and Co., and (40) Messrs. Haji Mahomed Hussein, all carrying on business at Bhat Bazar, Chinch Bunder, Mandvi without the Fort of Bombay. Defendants 1 to 31 as members of the Managing Committee of The Grain and Oil Seeds Merchants' Association and also for and on behalf of themselves and all the other members of The Grain and Oil Seeds Merchants' Association other than the Plaintiffs and Defendants 32 to 40.....Defendants

To

The Members of
THE GRAIN AND OIL SEEDS MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION.

Notice under O.I.R. 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have been given liberty to institute the above suit against Defendants 1 to 31 abovenamed on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Grain & Oil Seeds Merchants Association excepting the Plaintiffs and defendants 32 to 40 praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the resolution passed by the Managing Committee of the Grain and Oil Seeds Merchants' Association on 10th January 1947 referred to in the Plaint herein is ultra vires the Managing Committee of the Association and|or that the said resolution is illegal, void and inoperative;

(b) Without prejudice to the aforesaid prayer (a), it may be declared that on a true interpretation of the said resolution dated 10th January 1947 the Plaintiffs are not under any obligation to close any of their transactions in groundnuts with Defendants 32 to 40 br any of them in respect of December|January 1947 delivery and|or in respect of January|March 1947 delivery at the rates mentioned in the said resolution or to pay any moneys on the footing of such transactions being closed at the rates mentioned in the said resolution;

(c) That the Association, its Managing Committee and other Committees, officers, servants and agents may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from enforcing the said resolution or from deciding any matter or taking any steps or proceedings or acting on the footing of the said resolution being valid or applicable to any of the transactions of the Plaintiffs with Defendants 32 to 40 or any of them;

(d) That Defendants 32 to 40 and each of them, their partners, representatives, agents and servants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from moving the Association or its Managing Committee or other Committees to take any action step or proceeding disciplinary or otherwise against the plaintiffs for not closing any of the outstanding transactions of the Plaintiffs with Defendants 32 to 40 or any of them for December|January 1947 delivery and|or for January| March 1947 delivery at the rates mentioned in the said resolution or for not paying any moneys on the footing of such transactions being closed at the rates mentioned in the said resolution or for any relief based on the footing of the applicability of the said resolution to the said transactions;

(e) That the Association, its Managing Committee and other Committees, officers, agents and servants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from prohibiting other members of the Association from having any transactions with the Plaintiffs or from taking disciplinary or other action against the Plaintiffs for not closing their said outstanding transactions for the said deliveries at the rates mentioned in the said resolution or for not paying any amount on the footing of the said transactions being closed at those rates or for not complying with any orders or directions that may be given by the Association, its Managing Committee or any other Committee based on the footing of the applicability of the said resolution to the said transactions;

(f) For interim relief in terms of prayers (c), (d) and (e) hereof;

(g) That for the purposes aforesaid, all necessary directions may be given, orders may be passed and inquiries may be made;

(h) For costs of the Suit with interest thereon at the rate of four per cent per annum from the date of Judgment till payment;

(i) And for such further and other relief as the nature and circumstances of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the said suit has been fixed for Monday the 7th day of April 1947.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1947.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAIN AIYER.
Sealer.

This 14th day of February 1947.

Messrs. AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

2010

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai GANGUBAI, widow of YESHAHSHRINATH SHAMRAO KIRTIKAR IN HER PERSONAL CAPACITY AS WELL AS ADMINISTRATRIX OF THE ESTATE OF THE LATE MR. SHAMRAO AMBARNATH KIRTIKAR of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 8 (eight) days. In default, the claim, if any, will be deemed to have been waived and sale completed.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate at VILLAGE KONDIVATE (ANDHERI) South Salsette Taluka in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in the Bombay Suburban District containing by admeasurement 1 (one) Acre and 38 Gunthas or thereabouts registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 65A and Hissa No. 2.

Bombay dated this 15th day of February, 1947.

AMBUBHAI AND DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

2139

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person, who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: WALTER BRINITZER.
Present Nationality Stateless, formerly GERMAN.
Full address: C|o. S. Singermann, 177, Colaba Road Bombay.

2021

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE.

WADI BUNDER, including G. N. Seeds, cottonseeds, hirda, Chillies, moong, cotton, salt, mohaseeds, Gunnies, coir ropes copra, tea, carpets, cloth, bidi leaves, slates, glasswares, shoe, chappals, soap, cycle parts, oil, grease, tins of Rosin, oil, ghee and rosewater, soda etc. on MONDAY, 3rd March, 1947 at 12 Noon (S.T.) under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. & in accordance with section 55 & 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms: 50% deposit, delivery 12-3-47.

GANDHI & CO.

WEST ZONE FOR FINAL

Rangnekar's Unbeaten Double Century

West Zone (Fjrst Innings)	269
East Zone (First Innings)	197
West Zone (Second Innings) for 6 wkts. decl.	324
East Zone (Second Innings)	126

BOMBAY, Sunday.

By defeating the East Zone by 270 runs, the West Zone qualified to meet the winners of the tie between the South Zone and the North Zone in the final.

Rangnekar scored the second double century of his career, his first being against Maharashtra for Bombay in that memorable match played some five years ago. His batting today was quite fast, for he scored 70 runs in less than as many minutes. From the very start, he tried to force the pace and although he offered some possible chances during his stay at the wickets, he succeeded in his purpose of collecting runs at a quick pace in order to enable Hazare to declare early. He, however, stayed longer than expected in his 170s and 180s, thus postponing the original plan of declaration at 11-30 by about five or ten minutes.

Phadkar also played a useful unbeaten innings of 31, helping in an unbroken seventh wicket stand of 105 runs.

Bannerji took the new ball almost immediately after start today, but both the batsmen faced him confidently and the fast bowler made hardly any impression on the Bombay pair.

The closure was applied immediately Rangnekar reached his 200.

In their second innings, the East Zone fared worse than during their first venture. Phadkar bowling well—so well in fact that his entire 13 overs were during one spell for more than two hours—accounted for all the first five wickets and swung the ball for a longer time than he has done so far, in any match in first class cricket. He was bringing the ball in from outside the stumps and this made him a very dangerous bowler. Sarwate left one such ball which came straight on to his wicket after pitching outside his stumps. His final figures were certainly not flattering.

There was hardly any batsman from the losers who played the varied attack with any amount of confidence. Mushtaq started by making many unwise strokes and with the advent of Nayudu began to steal some very sharp singles and ultimately paid the penalty.

Amir Elahi also bowled well to capture four wickets in 30 balls at the cost of a little less than seven runs a piece.

SCORE BOARD

WEST ZONE (Second Innings)

Ibrahim l.b.w. b Bannerji	4
Vinoo Mankad b Sarwate	43
Adhikari l.b.w. b Bannerji	0
Hazare l.b.w. b Bannerji	0
Rangnekar (not out)	200
Modi b Chowdhary	15
Gul Mohammad b Nayudu	19
Phadkar (not out)	31
Ranvirsinhji, Amir Elahi and Maka did not bat.	
Extras	12
Total (for six wckts. declared)	324

FALL OF WICKETS:—1/8, 2/9, 3/94/104, 5/151 and 6/219.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bannerji	10	1	65	3
Jagdale	11	2	43	0
Nayudu	15	0	65	1
Chowdhary	12	1	52	1
Sarwate	16	0	69	1
Gaikwad	4	1	18	0

EAST ZONE (Second Innings)

Bose b Phadkar	4
Sen b Phadkar	6
Sarwate l.b.w. b Phadkar	29
Nimbalkar b Phadkar	9
Mushtaq Ali run out	19
Chatterji c Vinoo Mankad b Phadkar	8
Nayudu l.b.w. Amir Elahi	15
Jagdale b Amir Elahi	7
Bannerji st. Maka b Amir Elahi	23
Gaikwad b Elahi	4
Chowdhary (not out)	0
Extras	7
Total	126

FALL OF WICKETS:—1/6, 2/17, 3/43, 4/60, 5/74, 6/78, 7/94, 8/111, 9/115 and 10/126.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Phadkar	13	1	54	5
Hazare	6	1	10	0
Ranvirsinhji	5	0	23	0
Amir Elahi	3.6	0	27	4
Vinoo Mankad	2	1	5	0

DOUBLE HONOURS FOR MEHTA AND MRS. SINGH

BOMBAY, Sunday: Jimmy Mehta beat Prem Pandhi (6—1—, 6—3) in the final of the Men's Singles of the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Championships before packed stands at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana this afternoon. He won the doubles title too, when partnering Kantawala, he defeated Narendra Nath and Prem Pandhi, 8—6, 6—3.

The Singles contest did not come upto expectation, Prem Pandhi offering little resistance to Jimmy Mehta. Playing an attacking game from the very beginning, Mehta put Prem Pandhi in the defensive throughout and made him run all over the court. Mehta repeatedly went to the net and volleyed and smashed with remarkable accuracy and consistency.

Mrs. Singh avenged her defeat in the All-India Championships last week by beating Mrs. Dayal to-day in straight sets. She served and drove with power and displayed a large variety of strokes. Along with Mrs. Dayal, Mrs. Singh also bagged the Ladies' Doubles title, defeating Mrs. Sastri and Miss Merchant to the tune of 6—0 6—2.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay gave away the prizes.

Following are the results:

J. Mehta beat Prem Pandhi 6—1, 6—3.

Mrs. Singh beat Mrs. Dayal 7—5, 6—2.

Mehta and Kantawala beat Narendra Nath and Prem Pandhi 8—6, 6—3.

Mrs Dayal and Mrs. Singh beat Mrs. C. V. N. Sastri and Miss Merchant 6—0, 6—2.

WITH THE GREATEST PLEASURE

MESSRS. TRACOBAR PHARMACEUTICALS, LIMITED.

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS
COIMBATORE

hereby announce the appointment of

MESSRS. CAMVIN AGENCIES,

16, SHRI RAM NIWAS, Grant Road Bridge,
South, Grant Road, BOMBAY 7,

as their SOLE SELLING AGENTS
for the Bombay Presidency

THE
NEW GREAT INSURANCE
COMPANY OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in Baroda—Liability of Members is limited.)

Authorised Capital	.. ..	Rs. 2,50,00,000
Issued & Subscribed Capital	..	Rs. 1,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	.. ..	Rs. 32,50,000

REGISTERED OFFICE:
Bank Building, Mandvi, BARODA.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE IN BRITISH INDIA:
45-47 Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Business Transacted:

LIFE * FIRE
MARINE * ACCIDENT

AMRUTANJAN

THE
ATOM BOMB
Pain Balm

USED CLOTHING
CIVILIAN & MILITARY
LARGE STOCKS
Suitable for Markets Throughout the World
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
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(Dept. G)
323 PEARL ST., NEW YORK 7, N.Y., U.S.A. CABLE: TRANCLO NEWYORK

SURPLUS SALES
OF AMERICAN STORES
TOOL KITS

SEALED TENDERS are invited, addressed to Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur Air Depot, 24 Parganas, Bengal, for the purchase of the following:—

PORTABLE WELDING KITS, ELECTRICAL TOOL KITS, INSPECTORS KITS, FABRIC WORKERS KITS, ARMOURER KITS INSTRUMENT MECHANIC KITS, PROPELLER MECHANIC KITS, METAL WORKERS KITS, MACHINISTS KITS, PAINTERS KITS, LUBRICATION KITS ETC.

LOCATION:— Tata Aircraft Ltd., Karachi Air Port, Karachi, 11. Tele { phone—9282 Ext. 224 / Grams—"TATACRAFT KARACHI, Air Port.

Samples of tool kits may be seen in showroom at above Karachi Address.

Tender Forms and a list of tool kits may be obtained from Tata Aircraft Ltd., KARACHI and TITAGHUR, 24 Parganas BENGAL on payment of Rs. 3/- each.

Superscribe Reference for application: SA-34/II (17D) Last date for submitting tenders: 14th February, 1947. Offer to remain open for acceptance until: 14th March, 1947 Earnest Money: a deposit of 25% of the price offered by crossed cheque on Schedule Banks only.

All Sales are subject to the "Company's conditions of Contract"

245

TATA AIRCRAFT, LIMITED
TITAGHUR AIRDEPOT 24 PGS

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THE STORY OF RAJKOT CHIVALRY!

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Director: NANDLAL JASHVANTLAL

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Daily: 4, 6-30 & 9-30 Wed. Mat. 1-30 p.m.

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Wadia's COLOSSAL FANTASY

Amar Raj

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ADVANCE BOOKINGS FROM TODAY at

NEW WEST END

Daily: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

NOW RUNNING TO PACKED HOUSES

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Direction: Y. D. SARPOTDAR.

Starring: MUMTAZ SHANTI, WASTI

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DUBASH-THEATRE)

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An I. C. P. FAMOUS RELEASE

3RD WEEK

PANCHOLIS' Popular

SHEHR SE DUR

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Daily 4, 6-30, 9 Sat. Sun. 1-30

Ad. booking 10 to 12

A JAYSINH Release

TAPASE OPENS INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION

BOMBAY, Sunday: The policy of the Government of Bombay is to decentralise industries in order to avoid the evils attendant on their concentration in cities, said Mr. G. D. Tapase, Industries Minister, declaring open the Industries Exhibition at the Esplanade Maidan this evening Sir Behram N. Karanjia presided.

While proper encouragement would be given for the development of large-scale industries in the Province, the Minister said that it was Government's intention to promote cottage industries in villages to make them self-sufficient economic units. "We must bring life and prosperity to the villagers" he added.

The Province had so far advanced only in textile industries, though there was sufficient scope and potentiality for developing other industries like minerals, iron and steel etc. He assured the industrialists that the Government would give due consideration to any proper scheme evolved by them to start new industries. In this connection, he commended the industrial advancement of Mysore which has achieved a balanced development of both large-scale and small-scale industries.

He was aware of the difficulties with which the industrialists were faced, mainly the paucity of trained technical personnel and lack of facilities for conducting research work. The Government would take all possible steps to remove these handicaps so that Bombay Province may not lag behind any other Province industrially.

He congratulated the organisers of the Exhibition, which amply demonstrated the industrial potentialities of the country.

Cotton Bales Lost When Boat Capsizes

KARACHI, February 16. (A.P.I.): Cotton worth about Rs. 20,000 was lost when a country craft carrying cotton bales from Dadu to Sukur was caught in a squall and capsized in the Indus near Unerpur, yesterday. The boatmen managed to swim to safety.

ON STAGE AT THE

Royal Opera House

PRITHVIRAJ'S

DEEWAR

ON 19-2-47 at 9 A.M. and

SHAKUNTALA" ON 21-2-47 at 10 A.M.

Plans open. Rates as usual.

CROWDS BESPEAK POPULARITY OF

VALMIKI

IN

5TH HOUSE-FUL WEEK

SWASTIK

Daily: 1 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

CITY AND SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Magh Vad 12, 2003.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 25, 1366.
Parsi: Shehrever 17, 1316.
Sunrise: 7-7 a.m. Sunset: 6-40 p.m.
Hightide: 09-25, 23-11.
Lowtide: 04-39, 15-44.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3 p.m (B. T.).

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: The Democratic Group of the Chamber will be "At Home" to the new Managing Committee of the Chamber at its last election, at 5-15 p.m., at the Taj, today (Monday).

KALIDAS TO BE STAGED: The Dramatic Society of the All-India Vikram Parishad, Benares, established by the Late Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, will stage its well-known play 'Mahakavi Kalidasa' at the Royal Opera House on the 17th, 18th and the 20th February, on the occasion of starting a Hindi Rangshala (Hindi Theatre) in Bombay with a view to propagate the art of drama as well as to present the Indian History and Culture in its true colour.

POSTAL NOTICE: Wednesday, 19th Feb., 1947, will be a Post Office Holiday on account of Mahashivratri.

MAZDAZNAN: To-day at 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road Mr. N. F. Mama on "some interesting items of General Knowledge."

Air Connection Between Bombay And Gwalior

With effect from today (Monday), the 17th instant, Messrs. Air Services of India Ltd., daily plane operating between Bombay-Lucknow will call at Gwalior also, thus enabling passengers from Bombay to reach Gwalior in 3 hours and 40 minutes. The fare will be Rs. 130

ROHRI LOCO STRIKE

KARACHI, February 16. (A.P.I.): Train service on the Karachi Division has been disorganised due to inability to secure crews and servicing engines due to the unexpected lighting strike of the Loco Shed staff, which commenced at Rohri yesterday, according to Press Note issued by the Division Superintendent, N. W. Railway, Karachi.

The strike is a sequel to the arrest of a member of the Lower Grade Staff Union, who was arrested on a warrant from the Delhi police.

The railway authorities are making efforts to run the Lahore and Quetta mails as far as they can go. Mail and express trains of February 15 and 16 have been passed and branch line trains on Dadu loop and to Badin are running normally.

Congress Nominee For P. N. Sapru's Seat

LUCKNOW, February 16. (A.P.I.): Dr. R. S. Singh, Dean of the Faculty of Law, Delhi University, and former Dean of the Faculty of Law, Ducknow University, has been selected as the Congress nominee by the U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board to contest the bye-election to the Council of State from the U. P. Southern (non-Mohammedan) constituency rendered vacant by the elevation of Mr. Prakash Narain Sapru to the Allahabad High Court.

TACKLING FOOD & CLOTH PROBLEMS

Merchants Must Co-perate With Govt, Says Sir P. Thakurdas

SURAT, Feb. 15, (API): An appeal to the merchant community to co-operate fully with the Government in their effort to solve the food and cloth problems in the country was made by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas today when he spoke in the Surat Chamber of Commerce.

Sir Purshottamdas said that the Government did not themselves know how these problems could be best solved and they wanted to know whether the controls should be retained or should be lifted immediately.

Replying to the poser, members present at the meeting expressed the opinion that the controls should be maintained till the supply situation was improved.

Sir Purshottamdas pointed out that whatever might be the policy laid down by the Government, the merchants should do their duty to the public. While the Government should trust the trade, the merchants should help equitable distribution of supplies entructed to them.

Protest Against Sind University Bill

KARACHI, February 16. (A.P.I.): In the course of a communication to Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Citizens Committee characterise the proposed Sind University Bill as a reactionary measure, which would prove harmful to the educational and cultural interests of the Hindus in the Province and urge him to direct the Sind League Ministry to suitably amend the bill and make it acceptable to all communities.

HARD COURT TENNIS

To-day's Matches

Court No 1, 7-45 a.m. Miss L. M. Merchant and Jimmy Mehta vs. Mrs. K. Singh and J. M. Kantawalla.

Programme of matches for Tuesday, 18th Feb: Court No. 1, at 4 p.m. Mrs. C. V. N. Sastri and J. C. Dhamija vs. Miss L. M. Merchant and Jimmy Mehta, or Mrs. K. Singh and J. M. Kantawalla 4.45 p.m.

Mixed doubles final:—

TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY. Feb. 17

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Song of Week (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sitar (Azim Khan) 8-45 Selections 9-0 Mangala Apte.

12-0 p.m. Programme of special interest to women (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Halke Phulke Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast (G & M) 5-0 D. H. Pujari (Sitar) 5-15 Raj Khosla (Ghazals) 5-30 S. S. Deodhar (Multani) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Marathi Rangbhoomi 6-30 Hiralal Nakshigara 6-45 Raj Khosla 7-0 Monday Special 7-15 D. H. Pujari (Sitar) 7-30 Vinayakrao Harshe (Khayal Vilambit and Drut: Purvi) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Musical Round up (Relayed from Delhi) 8-55 Musical Interlude 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Further Education for Ex-service Men (by Purshottam Tricumdas) 10-0 Mehboob Khan (Puria) 10-30 Mangala Apte.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS FOR VIET NAM

NEW DELHI, February 16. (A.P.I.): Mr. Mai The Chau, Viet Nam representative in India, today makes a renewed appeal for urgent medical and financial aid to Viet Nam.

He says: "To the repeated proposals of peace and particularly to the recent concrete terms of settlement put forward by Dr. Ho Chi Minh, M. Paul Ramadier plainly replied on the 13th instant that the French Government had nothing to do with the regime led by Dr. Ho Chi Minh.

"It is, therefore, clear that the Viet Nam people have no alternative others than to fight to the last for the existence of their republic under the indisputable leadership of Dr H. Chi Minh. It is also clear that to rescue Viet Nam and to defend the cause of freedom and justice, the oppressed peoples in the world, particularly the friends of Viet Nam in India, Burma, Ceylon Siam, Malaya and China should rely on their own strength and redouble their efforts to give urgent and active aid to Viet Nam such as medical mission and financial help. Any illusion about the magnanimity of imperialism will be dangerous and any relaxation of villiance and help will be fatal to the cause of independence in Viet Nam as well as elsewhere".

R.I.N. Days

BOMBAY, Sunday: The General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation, in a statement to the press appeals to students all over India to observe Feb. 21 and 22 as R.I.N. days to pay homage to the "martyrs" who fell victims to British bullets during the R.I.N. uprising."

LIMBS SWOLLEN WITH RHEUMATISM

She Could Neither Walk Nor Sleep

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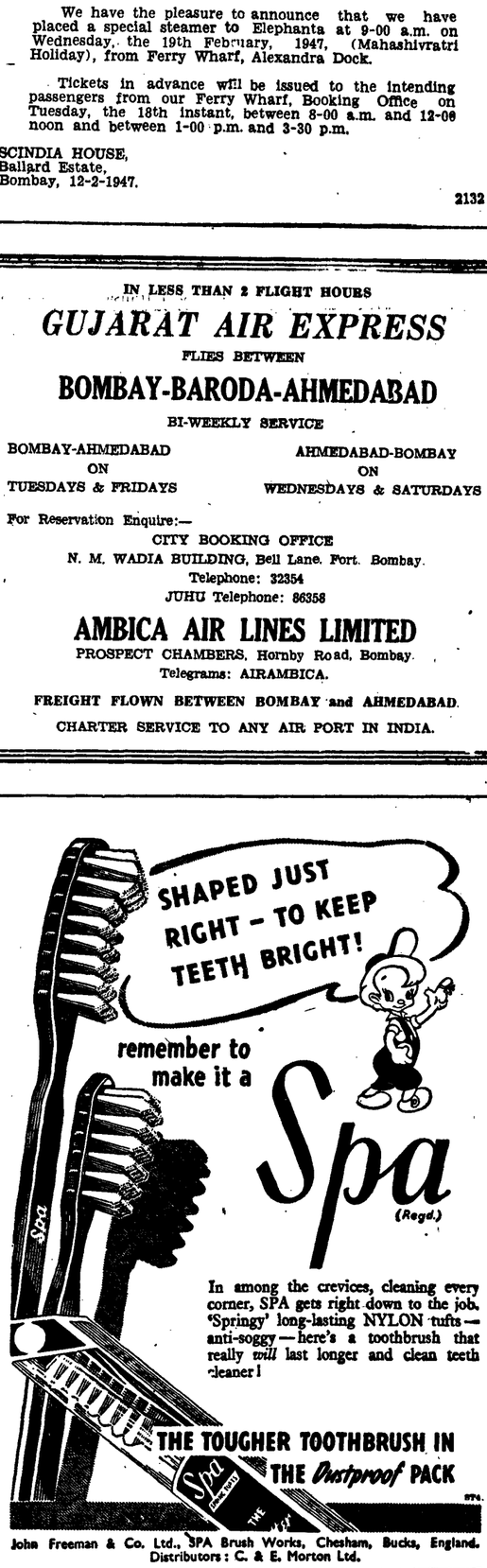

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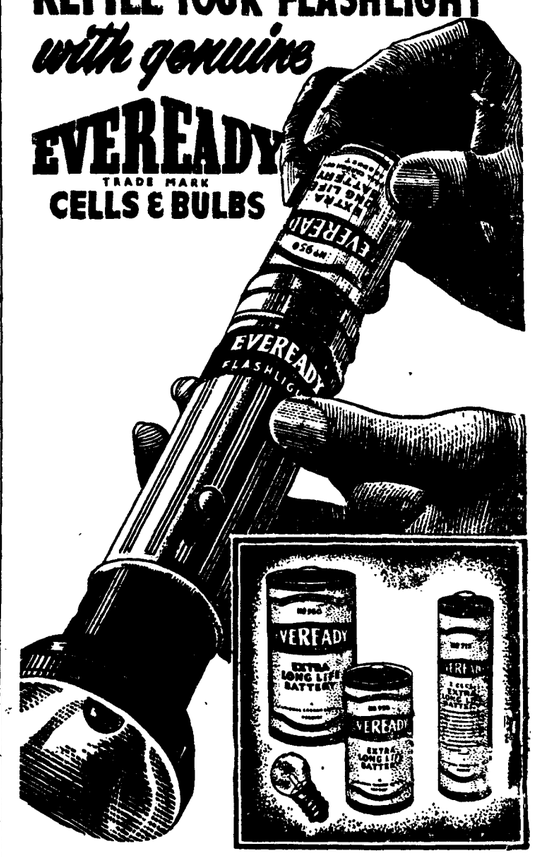

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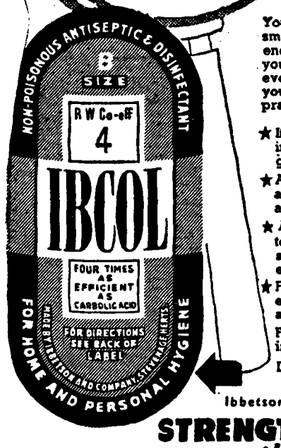

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 16, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st November, 1946, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 16th February, 1947:—

Ahmedabad 86 59 0 1.1 plus 0.8, Allahabad 69 54 0.1 2.1 plus 0.1, Bangalore 86 55 0 8.6 plus 5.2, Baroda 87 51 0 1.1 —, Begaum 79 60 0 6.3 plus 4.3, BOMBAY 84 68 0 7.1 plus 6.3, Calcutta 87 64 PME 2.2 plus 0.3, Colombo 88 75 0 37.7 plus 14.4, Cuttack 91 71 0 4.7 plus 2.1, Darjeeling 49 37 P..0 1.3 minus 1.0, Dehra Dun 64 45 0.1 4.2 minus 1.1, Delhi 72 47 0 0.7 minus 1.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 91 68 0 3.4 plus 1.5, Karachi 78 57 0 0.1 minus 1.0, Lahore 77 48 0 1.4 plus 0.6, Lucknow 72 53 0.1 2.1 plus 0.3, Madras 88 73 0 56.5 plus 35.4, Mahabaleshwar 73 56 0 11.6 plus 9.6, Mussoorie 46 40 0.1 9.1 plus 2.2, Mysore 87 69 0 10.4 plus 7.0, Nagpur 91 69 0 9.7 plus 7.7 Ootacamund 67 48 0 18.1 plus 8.7, Pachmarhi 85 52 P 14.5 plus 12.3, Patna 74 53 0.3 1.0 minus 0.7, Peshawar 63 41 0 3.8 plus 0.4 Poona 86 57 0 6.5 plus 5.1, Quetta 80 20 9 4.7 plus 0.3, Rajkot 86 50 0 1.1 plus 0.7, Shillong 67 40 0 0.8 minus 1.4, Sholapur 91 69 0 2.5 plus 0.5, Simla 49 35 0.6 minus 1.4 Srinagar 45 27 0 7.9 plus 1.1, Surat 88 60 0 7.5 plus 6.9.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Love, no matter how abused and maltreated, is a very patient God, and while suffering from undeserved wounds, still works on, doing magical things.
—Marie Corelli.

The Bombay Chronicle

COMMODITIES PRICES BOARD

If the sins of omission and commission in the sphere of price control with which the Central and Provincial Governments could be justly charged were due to the lack of "a semi-independent, semi-judicial expert body" to advise them and to reassure the public of the 'bonafides' of their action the recent announcement by the Government of India regarding a Commodities Prices Board ought to be welcomed as heartening news. The principles of price fixation on which Government professes to act are as a rule unexceptionable. The communique appointing the Board announces Government policy in the following terms: "Government has for some time been conscious of the paramount importance, in view of the present economic situation in the country, of the particular price levels chosen for those commodities the prices of which are fixed under statutory powers. It is essential to maintain a reasonable relationship between the prices of cash crops and the prices of food grains, on the one hand, and the agricultural prices and industrial prices, on the other, if producers and consumers alike are not to be under the constant sense of a grievance and agrarian and industrial unrest is to be prevented." It is difficult to believe that the Government of India was acting on any other principles but these ever since the regime of controlled prices commenced. And yet the position at present is as disquieting as ever. The cost of living in Bombay which seemed to have been stabilized at the high level of about 125 per cent above prewar during the years 1943-45 has registered a steep upward movement to more than 175 per cent. Of this rise a large part has been effected during the last calendar year. Between October 1945 and November 1946, while food prices registered a rise of 26 points, the agricultural commodities index moved upwards by as many as 83 points. As against this the index for prices of manufactured articles went up by only 33 points. In all cases the upward movement has been accentuated during the last six months.

It is thus obvious that in spite of the cessation of the war, prices all round are rising, and there is no uniformity in the rates of increase of the prices of several types of commodities. While the inflation of currency has for the most part been halted, the inflationary effect of Government's cheap money policy has been evident at least over a part of this period. Shortages have no doubt been the principal cause of this unexpected and marked rise of prices in peaceful times. This only emphasizes the need of a systematic and energetic Government policy to limit the rise and to distribute it over the various classes and grades of commodities in keeping with a plan of national conservation. As a matter of fact, however both the psychological and administrative influences have worked towards easing rather than systematizing the machinery of control. In so far as this action on the part of Government was the result of incomplete knowledge of the situation and of expert opinion on the subject the new Board may be expected to supply Government's urgent need. We fear, however, that more important than lack of information and expert advice have been two besetting evils of the Governing machinery. Firstly, there is a lack of faith in the necessity and virtue of control even in a situation of acute shortage. It is felt by the authorities concerned, perhaps unconsciously, that now that the war is over we have just to wait a little and all controls will be unnecessary. The picture of present and prospective production, here as outside, is none too reassuring. Unlike other countries; there is no production programme worth the name before our Government. We have thus to assume a pretty long period of necessary controls to augment available supply and to ensure satisfactory distribution at reasonable prices. Unless the Governments, at the centre as well as in the provinces, develop a real will to control and to regulate, where it must, all action on their part is bound to be tardy and ineffective. Given the will to have and to enforce an integrated price policy the constitutional difficulties may perhaps be overcome. It is a part of the duties of the new Board to advise the central as well as the Provincial Governments on its respective price problems. But what assurance is there to justify a confidence that all the provinces will treat the new Board as a trusted friend? Even within the body of provinces having the same complexion of administration as at the centre unity of policy has often been lacking. We feel convinced that the Prices Board will not be able to function usefully unless all the Governments concerned wholeheartedly co-operate with it, have, in fact, a production and price policy and agree to work out an integrated price plan given by the Board from time to time.

Assuming these favourable conditions to exist, we are glad to note that the composition of the Board as hitherto announced is such as to inspire general confidence. It is obviously on the highest level of economic knowledge and administrative experience. The Government of India has done well in announcing in advance that it will treat the recommendations of the Board with the highest respect and that the Board may of its own volition make any relevant suggestions to it. The Board will have to be equipped with a suitable and well-qualified staff if it is to discharge its important duties expeditiously and satisfactorily. The communique states that before taking action on the Board's recommendations relevant departments of the Government will be consulted. If such a reference is merely a matter of formal routine designed to clarify the practical steps necessary to implement the Board's recommendations no objection could be raised against it. But if it is even distantly implied that the departments are going to re-examine or sit in judgment on the considered recommendations of the Board almost all the virtue in the 'semi-independent semi-judicial' board will vanish. We do hope that good precedents in this vital respect will be established from the outset. We also hope that the reference to 'such conditions as may be specified' in the light of which the Board is to advise Government will not be used to justify a preliminary tying down of the discretion of the Board. Given the will and the power to regulate prices as part of a national plan of production and equitable distribution we have every hope that Governments concerned will derive great assistance from the Board which is expected to commence work almost immediately.

Frankly Speaking

Bevin And India

At the dinner given to Mr. Asaf Ali, the Indian Ambassador-Designate to the United States, by the India Association of London, Mr. Ernest Bevin, Britan's Foreign Secretary, said very complimentary words to India, her position in the world and her possibilities in ensuring world peace and stability. He also tendered well-meaning advice to India, the correctness of which cannot be questioned. It is, of course, the grim fact that the world is today in a bad way threatened with worse disasters than it has ever experienced before. It is also true that it is facing the awful danger of a clash between "Russian imperialism and the financial imperialism of the United States." But to complete the truth, there are other imperialisms, too, which constitute an evil influence productive of clash and war. Mr. Bevin would be right in his praise of Britain's position only if Britain shed her Imperialism and really and unreservedly established "liberty wherever we can." As to India, Mr. Bevin did not exaggerate his compliment and his hopes. India is conscious of her heavy responsibilities in the midst of this nearly warring world. She realises them not only because of her position on the map of the world but also because of her ancient philosophy of peace and peaceful progress. India today is entering the world comity of nations through her Ambassadors with that realisation and with the mission of peace and friendship with and among all nations on the bases of human dignity, human equality and human brotherhood. Mr. Asaf Ali had no difficulty in assuring Britain and the world of India's intentions and missions. For they are well known and undoubted.

Britain's Duty

But Mr. Bevin, of course, was right when he suggested that the success of India's services to the world depended to a great extent on the success in avoiding "civil strife" and "civil war" internally. Our Ambassador did well to thank Mr. Bevin for his advice and appeal. This country is sparing, and will spare, no effort to avoid internal troubles. But as Mr. Asaf Ali said, Britain can assist India in her efforts. Mr. Bevin rendered a distinct service when he gave the assurance that the British Cabinet desired and would strive for a United India to be handed over to the people as a going concern. The assurance about a united India is of particular significance. But Britain can easily do more by way of implementing that assurance. Let there, for instance, be no further encouragement in any way of disruptionism and disruptionist tendencies, which alone and inevitably make for civil strife.

Welcome Visit

We are glad to learn from a recent report that Dr. Sultan Shahriar will himself lead the Indonesian delegation to the Inter-Asian Conference at New Delhi. Attempts had recently been made to minimise the importance of the Conference especially in Middle East countries and even to secure its boycott. Those attempts have failed and the countries concerned will be duly represented. The fact that Dr. Sultan Shahriar is himself coming on behalf of Indonesia further enhances the significance of the forthcoming Asian gathering. His visit is otherwise welcome, too, especially in the present circumstances when Dutch imperialism is seeking to dishonour its own words and undertakings. It will enable India and other countries to declare to the world and to the Netherlands the complete solidarity of all Asia in supporting Indonesia's struggle for freedom and independence.

A U.S. Complaint

Although Britain herself is by no means an uninterested party, nor is free from the same disease of imperialism Mr. Bevin's reference to hostile rivalry between the Soviet Union and the United States is not wrong. Senator Arthur Vandenburg's complaint, for instance, corroborates it. And we have no doubt that it will be followed by a Soviet counter-accusation of lack of fairplay and goodwill on the part of the United States. There may be a difference in degree, but both are right. Which, paradoxically, may well form the basis of an understanding. The immediate cause of the trouble is, of course, disarmament and the atom bomb. But the fact that the Soviet Union has refrained from vetoing the decision of the Security Council to separate the work of the Disarmament Commission from that of the Atomic Commission may be regarded as a worth while gesture

Call Off The Strike

The statement made by Mr. B. G. Kher last week with regard to the salaries of the primary teachers of Bombay makes it clear that the present salaries and allowances of the teachers, as sanctioned by Government, are appreciably higher than they were before the new Government came into power and that the present position will be reviewed as soon as the Central Pay Commission's Report is received. But it appears that the main grievance of the teachers, who have threatened to go on strike in March, is that many local bodies have not yet paid the higher sanctioned salaries. To redress this grievance Government is rapidly making advance payment of grants to local bodies so that on the 1st of March not even a single primary teacher will remain unpaid at the increased rates. In view of this position and the assurance that the whole question will be reviewed in the light of the recommendations of the Pay Commission it is to be hoped the teachers will call off their proposed strike.

COURT CAUSERIE

BY "NESTOR"

Riot Cases

It is not merely of some importance but is of fundamental importance that justice should not only be done but should manifestly and undoubtedly be seen to be done." These memorable words of Lord Hewart in the judgment delivered by him in the case of Rex vs. Sussex Justices enunciate a fundamental principle which must be observed in the administration of justice. Several transfer applications were recently made to the Bombay High Court by Mahomedan accused praying that their cases arising out of the Bombay riots be transferred from the court of J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, to some other Magistrate. It is true that all these transfer applications were dismissed by the High Court which completely exonerated the Magistrate of an allegations implying communal bias or discrimination. In these days of communal tension, however, in order to set at rest such apprehensions, however unfounded they be, would it not be better if riot cases are allocated for disposal to Magistrates who are neither Hindus nor Mahomedans? Among the twenty-two Presidency Magistrates of Bombay there are some who belong to neutral communities and the Chief Presidency Magistrate who is entrusted with the distribution of work among Magistrate, would not have much difficulty in assigning riot cases to the Courts of these Magistrates. Public confidence in the administration of justice depends not only upon what actually is done but also upon what may appear to be done.

* * *

The New Magistrates

This salutary maxim of Lord Hewart constrains me to observe that on the same principle the appointment of Police Prosecutors as Presidency Magistrates is to be regretted. Of the four new appointments recently announced by Government two are Police Prosecutors. Their long and close association with the police is not calculated to inspire public confidence, though I do not for a moment suggest that as a matter of fact it affect their independence in the slightest degree. The appointment of Police Prosecutors as Magistrates is, however, wrong in principle and it is to be hoped that the Government will abandon this newly-grown-up practice.

* * *

Standard Rent

In a recent case a landlord had let out certain premises to his sister-in-law at a nominal rent on the understanding that she was to look after the property and she continued to be in occupation till 1st September 1940, the date material under the Rent Act of 1944 for the purpose of fixing the standard rent On those facts Mr. Justice Chagla held that as it was difficult to assess the value of the tenant's services in looking after the property, the Rent Controller had jurisdiction under section 13 (b) of the Rent Act to fix the standard rent at a higher figure. Section 13 (b) authorizes the Rent Controller to fix the standard rent 'inter alia' in cases in which "any difficulty arises in giving effect" to that Part of the Act. There is no similar provision in England and in a recent English case it was held that courts were powerless and could not interfere to vary the standard rent in any case, however great be the hardship. Holding that the position in India was different, Mr. Justice Chagla observed, "Fortunately in the case of our Statute it is not necessary for this Court merely to hold up its hands in horror at an absurd piece of legislation perpetrated by the legislature. The legislature wisely has provided a safety-valve in section 13 sub-clause (b) and it is the duty of this Court to give effect to that safety-valve in order to prevent injustice being done and absurdities being perpetrated." On the facts of that case, having regard to the "difficulty" of valuing the tenant's services in looking after the property, Mr. Justice Chagla's decision is right. But if those extra services had not been stipulated for, the mere fact that the rent at which the premise had been let on 1st September 1940 (the material date under the Rent Act) was a nominal rent to oblige a near relative would not in my opinion attract the applicability of section 13 (b)—for how, in that case, could it be said that any "difficulty" arises in fixing the standard rent? In so far as there are observations in Mr. Justice Chagla's decision which suggest that even in such a case the Rent Controller would have jurisdiction under section 13 (b) to fix a higher standard rent they are obiter dicta which go too far and are not warranted by the language of the section itself.

'Muslims Do Not Want To Change Masters'

Liaquat Ali Accuses Congress Of Attempting To Monopolise Power

ALIGARH, Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): Delivering the convocation address at the Muslim University, Aligarh, to-day Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Finance Minister, Government of India said in the course of his speech:—

"At the time of the downfall of the Moghul dynasty the Muslims in this country had experienced more than a century of decadence and decay. The fall of the Moghul Empire was followed by an era of great depression and despondency in which indeed it seemed doubtful whether the Muslim nation as such would survive at all. Then came Syed Ahmad Khan and his self-less and untiring co-workers. These great men, to whom Muslim India owes a lasting debt of gratitude and whose work will live and continue to be a source of inspiration to us, realised that the existence of the Muslim nation depended on the extent to which Muslims appreciated the importance of modern education particularly the study of science, and the dangers inherent in its neglect by them.

MUSULIM DISTRUST OF SCIENCE

At that time Muslims were naturally suspicious of the British, who had supplanted them in the Government of this country and who had generally been pursuing an anti-Muslim policy. This distrust of the British was unfortunately reflected to a very large extent in the Muslim attitude towards western education, particularly the study of science, which the Muslims regarded as an imposition by their conquerors aimed at undermining their religion and culture. Such an attitude, while it could be understood, could hardly be justified, as it ignored the Prophet's injunction to every Muslim to pursue knowledge to the best of his ability. The task that Syed Ahmad Khan set himself was to make the idea of western and scientific education acceptable to his generation and to dispel their doubts and fears in regard to the supposed evil effects of that education. Unfortunately however our educational system was for a long time mainly concerned with equipping Muslim young men with the qualifications necessary for securing jobs under the British Government.

This undoubtedly had the advantage that Muslims secured admission into the administration of the country, whose doors hitherto had been barred to them. The disadvantage, however, was that our best young men went into the Government services, and although a number of them achieved positions of importance and discharged their duties with credit their services were largely lost to the Muslim nation. With the supreme power in the hands of the British rulers their servants could hardly do anything effective for the good of their own people.

SHORTAGE OF QUALIFIED MANPOWER.

Unfortunately our educational system, inspite of having become westernised, has in the main continued to stress general education to the detriment of specialisation in the sciences and the technical professions. This may partly be due to the fact that the large majority of Government jobs for which our educational organisation was working did not require a scientific and technical education, but it is also due to sufficient emphasis not having been placed on the importance of scientific and technical studies. In the consequence we have been suffering from an acute shortage of qualified manpower in the fields of science and technology and the position to-day is that we do not possess a sufficient number of scientists, doctors, technicians, mechanics, engineers and other experts.

This has seriously hampered our national life and will continue to do so unless we adopt effective and expeditious measures. The lack of front rank Muslim scientists is particularly deplorable when we remember the great and glorious tradition set up in all branches of science by Muslims in their better days.

CRITICAL TIME FOR MUSLIMS

The phase through which the Muslim nation is passing at present is the most critical in our history in this sub-continent and demands that we take full stock of the situation in which we find ourselves in order that we may be the better able to appreciate our present position and future requirements. Let us cast a look around us. The British who have been masters in this sub-continent so far are losing the pre-dominant position and the power they have held in the past, and the end of the long subjection which the Muslims have suffered in this country is in sight. What happens on the departure of the British from India is of the most vital importance to us. Are we to live as a free and independent nation living our own life in accordance with the ideals of Islam, or are we to submit to a new master? As you all know, the majority party in this country is doing its best to monopolise for themselves the power that is being surrendered by the British. We cannot, however, allow such a monopoly.

CHANGE OF MASTERS DISLIKED

We want to live in this sub-continent as an independent and self-respecting people and are in no way interested in, or prepared to submit to, a change of masters. We shall live our own life as a nation in our own way and we do not want that anyone should have the power to prevent us from doing so. This can be possible only if we have a free and independent state of our own. Our objective is such a state. We want Pakistan. In order to achieve that goal we need all the discipline, all the effort and all the energy that we can command. We have to make ourselves strong and to organise for the great endeavour that is and will be required of us, and should be prepared to make all sacrifices. All our polices and programmes must be modified if necessary to meet the needs of our national objective.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

In order to make the Muslim nation fitter and better prepared for the great struggle that lies ahead our educational institutions have a most important and vital responsibility. It should be the aim of every institution that every Muslim in this sub-continent should know and love the national ideal and that the education, up-bringing and practical training of every individual Muslim should be so designed and directed as to enable him or her to make the maximum possible contribution to the achievement of that ideal. And it should be their duty to teach their students to strain every nerve and to use every moment of their lives for the work that is entrusted to them. We must all remember that nothing of any value has ever been achieved without hard and persistent labour.

FREE STATE WANTED

There is one very important question that will be asked. We say we want to live in our own way and in order to be able to do so we want to have a Free and Independent State. What is that way of life and what are the principles on which our State will be based? Such a question for a Muslim has only one answer. The ideal which a Muslim has before him is and can be none other than the ideal that was set before the world by Mohammed of Arabia over 1300 years ago. The message that Mohammad brought is still with us, preserved for the whole of humanity in the greatest of all books, the Quran.

London Letter

SEVEN DAYS OF SNOW

This Primitive City!

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Feb. 4: It has been snowing for the last seven days. It has been snowing "cats and dogs" if one may say so. People in the country have to use shovels to dig their way to work. Trains run slow and entire villages have been isolated. The total loss caused by snow, directly or indirectly must amount to hundreds of pounds. Yet this loss could have been avoided largely, if not entirely, had England possessed the gift of marching with the times. In 1947 it fight cold and snow with the weapons of the eighteenth century. England is a cold country, yet, excepting in a few houses and offices, there is no central heating. The Englishman still loves his log of wood and many of them actually look upon central heating or air condition as Yankee barbarism.

Londoner's Primitive Methods

Snow is an annual fixture, yet there are no snow-ploughs. Very few people have skis or snowshoes. And pipes are fixed in the bad old style with the result that in low temperatures they freeze and often burst as they are doing at the moment.

This is unmitigated nuisance. But, of course, the blame lies on the Labour Government! And don't forget that the present snow blizzard, responsible for our suffering, had its birth in Central Russia!

How unfriendly of Stalin to subject us to a snow blitz. Pity we cannot pay him in the same coin. We import weather; but cannot even re-export it!

* * *

His Typical Patience

To a person familiar with the life of Indian masses, who have to eke out their existence on one meal a day and whose wardrobe consists of one minus—four, to borrow Gandhian expression, it will be difficult to believe that the British masses are living a life of austerity and self-denial. Even the poorest of poor has three meals a day plus half a dozen cups of tea. He goes to pictures, has a couple of beans and round of each meal with a cigarette. I have not seen people taking so much pastry or so many sandwiches as people in London. It is, perhaps, not widely known that the income in England is £5 a week. But believe it or not, in actuality the Britisher is finding it difficult, to maintain the minimum standard of life. He is shabbily dressed and the food he takes is not very nutritious. Not only there is no 'fancy bread' of which Shakespeare sang, but even good plain bread is rare. Neither butter is butter nor cream is cream. Meat is in short supply and even of imported egg one gets one a week. Of late some boarding houses have started serving beans as a substitute for fish and meat. And yet there is no sign of Britannia' austerity ending early. But the Britisher can be trusted to put up with everything patiently, if not smilingly. It is true in other people's countries he kicks up a row at the slightest inconvenience, but, in his own country, he can stand anything. The life of people today is regulated by so many. Do's and Don'ts that they have come to accept anything. In totalitarian countries people might have been deprived of their right to protest; here most of them have surrendered the right voluntarily. England may be the most democratic country in the world. Still the masses are little better than "dumb driven cattle."

* * *

British Conservation

A friend, watching the huge crowds who had collected in snow to wave the King goodbye, observed that Britain would never become a republic, though one of their greatest sons had described the republic as the best form of government. There is not material difference between a constitutional monarchy and a republic and England has nothing to lose by retaining the first institution. But the mere fact of the people collecting in large numbers to have a look at the King will not persuade me to conclude that in no circumstances will England become a republic. The main reason why people collect on such occasion is not their sense of loyalty but their love of spectacle and glamour. Had a top-ranking cinema star arrived in London, perhaps, even larger crowds had collected. They like to gase at stars, whether they live in their palaces or in Hollywood. At present in spite of nationalisation Britain is not a socialist state. It is fundamentally a capitalist state. And then we have the House of Lords and all powerful Clergy, though the churches are mostly empty. While these institutions continue monarchy is safe. But it is quite conceivable that at some distant time Britain might become a full fledged socialist state and the issue of monarchy versus republic may come up for discussions. In any case, these crowds have little significance.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The academic qualifications of 13 out of 53 European police officers at present in the employ of the U. P. Government, including Mr. G. A. Pearce, Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces were 'nil', said Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, Home Minister, in reply to a question by a Congress Member in the U. P. Legislative Assembly today."—Lucknow Report.

* * *

"I can", Mr. Bevin assured, in his speech at the India House dinner, "speak for the whole Cabinet when I say that our desire is to see India—Muslim, Hindu and the rest—joined together and taken over from us as a going concern."

The "desire" cannot be questioned. Isn't there documentary proof of it? But then Mr. Bevin went on to add further that "that is what we are striving for," too. Which—yes, quite.

* * *

Replying to Mr. Bevin, Mr. Asaf Ali said: "It is merely a question of time until our problems are solved and we look to Britain in our new relationship to help us to solve those problems."

Britain is always ready with help in every way. For instance, promise compensation to the British I.C.S. and we bet more than half of our "problems" will be "solved."

* * *

Sardar H. S. Malik, the Prime Minister of Patiala, has expressed the view that the co-operation of the Princes to the Constituent Assembly is now assured.

It is to be earnestly hoped that this doesn't add to the headache of Lord Wavell and Lord Petthick-Lawrence.

* * *

The Patiala Premier further declared that a majority of Princes in India stood for "Indian unity and independence."

Worser and worser.

* * *

"In spite of the huge gatherings and the temper of the Muslims, the movement (in the Punjab) has" says Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Interim Commerce Member, "been astonishingly non-communal and non-violent."

Mr. Chundrigar should be more careful in wording his compliments lest they become left-handed.

* * *

Some Tory M. P.'s want that the British Government should make counter-claims for wartime services rendered to nations with sterling balances to their credits.

Typically Tory, yes. But a slightly risky game. It might encourage Middle East countries and India to recall that they saved Britain from Hitler and Nazism and to claim adequate returns for that vital service.

* * *

Speaking of French economic troubles, M. Ramadier, the Premier regretted in the National Assembly that "the national sense of responsibility seemed to have diminished."

In the same proportion as the Imperialist sense of responsibility seems to have increased?

* * *

The Republican President of the Senate, Senator Arthur Vandenburg complains that the Soviet Union has "failed to reciprocate the fairplay and goodwill extended by the United States in foreign relations."

Maybe yes, maybe no. But could the United States very graciously extend a little fairplay and goodwill to the Arabs?

Non-Official Bloc Stronger

Hyderabad's New Assembly To Be Inaugurated Today

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, Feb. 16.

The reformed Legislative Assembly will be inaugurated tomorrow by Sir Mirza Ismail the President of Nizams Executive. Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur Sdar, the Reforms Member, has been appointed the permanent president of the Assembly, while the Deputy President will be elected from among the elected members of the House.

I understand that among 76 elected member are 38 Muslims and 38 Hindus. The Muslim bloc consists of 36 members of the Majlis Ittehadul Muslimeen Party while the Hindus are divided. But the Praja Party is struggling to wean independents of its strengthen its position.

As against the official bloc, the Non-official bloc is in a sadong position.

POLISH PEASANT PARTY BREAKS UP

MOSCOW, Feb. 16. (Reuter): The Polish Peasant Party led by M. Stanislaw Mikolajczyk is breaking up as a result of "discontent with its leadership", according to a Tass (the Soviet official news agency) despatch from Warsaw to-day.

"In the last few days over 1,000 persons have left M. Mikolajczyk's Party in one district while disintegration of the Party has even spread to Polesje, which M. Mikolajczyk considers his Bastion", the report stated.

Cutch Opposed To Grouping Itth Kathiawar States

BHUJ, February 15. (A.P.I.): The President of the Cutch Prajakiya Parishad, in a telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya President of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Chairman of the Constituent Assembly, Acharya Kripalani, President of the Indian National Congress and the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes has protested against the proposal to group Cutch State with other states of Kathiawar for representation in the Indian Constituent Assembly.

ROME, Feb. 15. (Reuter): United States' ex-President Herbert Hoover, Food Envoy for President Truman, was to-day received in audience by the Pope.

54 Die In Colombia Air Crash

BOGOTA, COLOMBIA, Feb. 16, (U. P. A.): Fifty passengers and four crew members are believed to have been killed in a Douglas airliner belonging to the Aviance Airline which crashed on the slopes of the 9,000-feet Mount Tabbiezo in the Sierra Sabana Range on Saturday.

The plane was flying a 300-mile trip from Barranquilla to Bogota.

Farmers report that the plane was flying too low to clear the hills and that they later heard a tremendous explosion.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): H. E. the Viceroy has been pleased to select Lt.-Col. B. Woods-Ballard, at present Political Agent, Bhopal, to officiate as Resident for Kolhapur and the Deccan States vice Lt.-Col. C. W. L. Harvey, selected for officiating appointment as Resident for the Eastern States in April next.

INDIAN POLITICAL PLAY IN DETROIT

NEW YORK, February 15. (U.P.A.): "The Greatest of These", a three-act play laid in India which comprises a searing indictment of British rule and preaches against all imperialism, including that of America, is scheduled to open in Detroit on February 18.

Produced by Frank Satestein, Richard Karkeur and Edgar Luckenbach 21-year-old heir to the Luckenbach shipping interests, the play stars Hollywood actor Gene Raymond, English actor Bramwell Fletcher and also Sam Jaffe, who plays the role of Khan Mirza Sirajuddin, an aged Liberal Mohammedan scholar who spent 14 years in prison due to various freedom efforts.

In the second act, Sirajuddin says, "If the British wished peace between the Hindus and the Muslims, it might have been wiser to jail Jinnah during these years instead of Gandhi. If the degree of his vanity and the degree of his humanity could be reversed, Jinnah would be a splendid figure indeed. But he is a traitor to large ideas and a casuist to small ones."

He denounces American activities in Puerto Rico and Panama and the treatment of American Indians.

The play was written by Max Wylie, who went to India as a Professor of English in 1929 and taught at the Punjab University until 1931. In 1934 he published the novel "Hindu Heaven".

WHEN BR. TROOPS QUIT GREECE

LONDON, Feb. 16. (Reuter): Britain is endeavouring to create a Joint Committee for discussion of economic cooperation on the model of the Anglo-French Committee with a number of countries, the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, told a Labour party conference yesterday.

He also disclosed that it was intended to withdraw all British troops from Greece within 90 days of March 1—the date fixed for the withdrawal of half the present garrison.

The conference was in private and no official text of Mr. Bevin's speech was communicated to the press but its contents were learned by Reuters from a dependable source.

Attlee Pooh-Poohs Talk Of New Coalition Govt.

"Mandate Of Socialist Party Must Be Carried Out"

Labour Party Expresses Complete Confidence In Bevin's Foreign Policy

HAMEY HANLEY (Staffordshire), Feb. 15 (Reuter): THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, MR. CLEMENT ATTLEE, IN A SPEECH HERE TONIGHT DESCRIBED TALK OF A NEW COALITION GOVERNMENT AS "COMPLETE AND UTTER NONSENSE". IT CERTAINLY NEVER REACHED ME", HE SAID. "WE HAVE NO INTENTION WHATEVER OF HAVING A COALITION. AND I DO NOT THINK THE OTHER SIDE WOULD WANT IT".

When the Socialists joined the Coalition Government, Mr. Attlee said, "we were doing so for the purpose of winning the war, and the majority in the House of Commons had no mandate for the Socialist policy. If anyone wants to come into the Coalition, they will have to carry out the Mandate of the Socialist policy".

The Prime Minister added that the Government was faced with a difficult task in carrying out their full programme. "But we are sure we can carry it through if we get the support of the mass of people, and I believe we shall get it", he added.

CONFIDENCE IN BEVIN

LONDON, Feb. 15 (Reuter): The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, defended the Government's foreign policy when he spoke to a private Conference of the Labour Party here tonight. The discussion ranged chiefly around British Policy in Palestine and Mr. Bevin, it is understood, strongly defended Government's action there and also in regard to Russia and Anglo-American relations.

Mr. Bevin answered many questions and replied with some vigour to certain comments but was not interrupted. The Conference thanked him for his frank replies and expressed complete confidence in him.

POWER BLACK-OUT IN BRITAIN CONTINUES

LONDON, Feb. 15 (A.P.A.): The British Government announced to-night "real and steady progress" in the six-day battle to move storm-bound coal supplies to the industrial areas but said the end of the islandwide power blackout was still not in sight.

"In general," the Under-Secretary of Fuel and Power, Sir Guy Nottbower, told a Press Conference, "progress is now real and steady, but stocks have only just begun to move upwards and still stand well below the safety level."

The situation remained so critical, however, that industrialists in the great northern manufacturing area surrounding Manchester decided their plants would have to remain closed for a second week.

Appearing at a Manchester meeting, Prime Minister Attlee told thousands of workers thrown into idleness by the power blackout: "It must never happen again."

"I am confident," he added, "that despite the serious problems we have to overcome, we shall bring the economic and social life of this country to a new level of prosperity."

END OF BRITISH COAL EXPORTS

LONDON, Feb. 15 (Reuter): British coal exports have virtually ended for all time, a Board of Trade spokesman stated to-day when asked for the official reaction to various statements on the necessity to Britain's economic survival of restoring pre-war coal exports by importing foreign miners.

Briefly, this official thinks that while the world wants coal exports, Britain cannot spare any and that later, when Britain may be able to spare coal exports, the world will not want them because of competition of Polish coal in the near future and of atomic energy in the not distant future.

BERLIN RESTAURANTS TO CLOSE DOWN

BERLIN, Feb. 15 (Reuter): Berlin's luxury bars and restaurants are closing down to-night as part of new drastic measures to stave off the coal crisis in this shivering city. An Emergency Committee sat all day yesterday and to-day to evolve new means for saving fuel.

These included a ban on luxury restaurants where for about 1,000 marks (£25 at the official Allied rate) wealthy Berliners and Allied officers can have an elaborate dinner with the best French liquers.

BR. LABOUR M.P. "NOT MISSING"

ATHENS, Feb. 15, (Reuter): Mr. T. G. Thomas, British Labour member of Parliament, said today that he was astonished at reports circulating in Athens that he was "missing" on his trip to Guerilla-held territory.

He told correspondents in Larissa: "I was never missing. Everyone in Trikkala knew that it was my intention to contact and visit the guerillas. They treated me with great kindness."

Mr. Thomas was warned a week ago by the British authorities that his safety could not be guaranteed if he attempted to contact the Guerillas.

On Thursday, he was reported to be missing but he appeared yesterday in Trikkala in Central Greece.

EXECUTION SUSPENDED

ATHENS, Feb. 15, (Reuter): The Greek Government has suspended the execution of five more men condemned to death so that they may be interrogated by the United Nations Balkans Commission now investigating Greek complaints of foreign aid to the Northern Guerillas, the official Greek News Agency said tonight.

U.S. Interested In Indian Freedom

LONDON, Feb. 16. (I.P.A.): Sir Girjashankar Bajpai, Ex-Agent-General for India in U.S.A. who is now on his way to India stated to the I.P.A. to-day that he was going back to Delhi to report to Pandit Nehru. Asked whether he would be appointed to another diplomatic post he said he knew nothing about it, but naturally his services and experience would be at the disposal of the Indian Government.

Sir Girjashankar added that he had a very interesting period of office in the U.S. America was keenly interested in India achieving independence and raising the standard of living under her own Government. American capital and technical advice would undoubtedly be available for the latter purpose.

He believed America offered the best facilities to Indians desirous of training in technical and scientific development. Under the scheme he had elaborated, the number of Indians studying there had increased from 40 to approximately 700 and there was room for many more, once the influx of the returning American soldiers was over.

CONFIDENCE IN PRAKASAM

GUNTUR, Feb. 16, (API): Telegrams expressing absolute confidence in Mr. Prakasam's leadership have been sent to Sardar Vallabhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru by various associations in the district.

Mr. N. V. L. Narasimha Rao, President of the Guntur Town Congress Committee, has called a meeting of the Committee for tomorrow to express confidence in Mr. Prakasam's Ministry.

Andhra Leader On Madras Crisis

GUNTUR, February 15. (A.P.I.): Mr. Konda Venkatappaya Andhra Congress Leader, told the Associated Press of India today that his proposed visit to Noakhali, as reported in a section of the press, to meet Mahatma Gandhi in connection with the Madras Ministerial Crisis was "unfounded".

The cause for the Madras Cabinet crisis, Mr. Konda Venkatappaya says, is absolutely ununderstandable and is unexpected having regard to the progressive measures which stand to the credit of Mr. Prakasam's Ministry. He adds whatever misgivings might have existed at the outset regarding Mr. Prakasam's Premiership, since assuming Office, he has proved himself more than equal to the great responsibilities of that Office and has been forward and loyal in undertaking various schemes according to the Congress Manifesto".

Mr. K. Venkatappaya hopes that the Congress High Command to whom the matter has been referred will closely survey the situation and "avoid the disastrous consequences of the measure" which the Opposition in the Congress Legislature Party has now undertaken.

PRESS ASSOCIATION'S PARTY TO T. K. GHOSH

NEW DELHI, February 16. (U.P.I.): The President and members of the Press Association and Foreign Correspondents Association of India entertained Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, President and members of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference at a tea party at the Imperial Hotel on Saturday afternoon. The function was largely attended and among those present were Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Dr. John Mathai, Sir Akbar Hydari, the Governor-designate of Assam, Sir Ivan Mckay, High Commissioner for Australia, Mr. W. C. Wordsworth, Dr. Syed Hossain, Mr. K. P. S. Menon, Indian Ambassador in China, Messrs. K. Srinivasan, A. E. Porter, B. Sen Gupta, Devadas Gandhi, M. Turner, J. N. Sahni, Suresh Mazmudar, S. Sadanand, M. N. Cama, B. J. Kirchenner and Gerald Rock.

Sir Robert Hutchings, who was deputed to London to arrange with the India Office for speedy shipments of food supplies, specially of 85,000 tons of Turkish wheat, returned to Karachi and immediately left for New Delhi today.

During his two weeks stay in London, Sir Robert, it is learnt, made a comprenensive survey of shipping conditions for quick deliveries of imported food supplies to India.

An agreement for the sale of Turkish cereals of some three million pounds to India through the British Government was concluded in Ankara about three months ago and ships are being loaded at Turkish ports. These ships will shortly arrive here.

Flagrant Violation Of U.N.O.Charter

Transvaal Indian Congress Cable To Trygve Lie

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 16 (Reuter): The Transvaal Indian Congress has cabled Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the U.N.O., asking that immediate steps be taken to call on the South African Government to account for the 'flagrant-violation of the United Nations Charter and for undermining the very structure of the United Nations."

This follows recent refusal by the Immigration Department of the Union Government to allow Dr. G. M. Naicker and Dr. Y. M. Dadoo permission to leave the Union to visit India.

'FIFTH COLUMNISTS' AMONG UNION INDIANS

DURBAN, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): The Natal and Transvaal Indian Congress having already decided to boycott the Royal Visit in view of the passive resistance struggle against the oppressive Ghetto Act, the Government is making frantic efforts to seek the co-operation of the Indian community in the celebrations connected with the Visit.

A handful of discredited persons who have lost the confidence of the community and have kept themselves completely aloof from the struggle, have suddenly come forward with a campaign for the co-operation of the Indians in the Royal celebrations.

Mr. Ahmed Ismail, who retains the office of President of the South African Congress in spite of vote of no confidence passed on him by huge mass meetings in Natal and Transvaal, has also appealed to the Indians not to boycott the Royal Visit.

STRIKE WAVE IN BURMA SPREADS

RANGOON, Feb. 16. (Reuter): The strike wave has spread to many towns in Upper and Lower Burma, according to reports received here to-day.

The Irrawaddy Flotilla Co. employees at Mandalay, Prome Myingyan, Moulmein and Maubin struck work yeserday. Steel Brothers workers at Bassein, Myaungmya and other centres are striking to-morrow.

CHINA BAN ON FOREIGN CURRENCY

Official Exchange Rate Raised: Sale Of Gold Also Prohibited

NANKING, Feb. 16, (Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek today announced new Currency Control measures raising the official exchange rate of the Chinese dollar to 12,000 to one United States dollar and prohibiting the circulation of foreign currencies and sale of gold within China.

The Generalissimo issued a statement calling on "all patriots to join with me in working out the salvation of the country. There is no reason for us to give way to panic. The basic factors of the agricultural and industrial situation are sound. If we only apply ourselves to our task with resolution and energy, we will overcome the immediate difficulties of the Japanese invasion."

Under the new regulations prohibiting the circulation of foreign currency notes in China, the authorities are given wide powers of confiscation and imprisonment. Holders of foreign currency notes, however, may exchange their holdings at the new official rate at the Central Bank of China.

Purchase and sale of gold, including ingots and ornaments was also prohibited unless special permits were obtained from the Central Bank of China.

The measures presented to a meeting of the Supreme National Defence Council were adopted unanimously.

Dr. T. V. Soong, the Chinese Prime Minister, immediately left for Shanghai by air to supervise their execution.

Chinese companies having foreign exchange deposits abroad must report to the Government, and it was ruled that those specially approved must either be placed in Chinese banks or sold to the Government at the official rate.

BETTER LUCK FOR NIZAM'S WORKERS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): H. E. H. the Nizam, it is understood, has sanctioned the Factories Amendment Regulation under which working hours in the State have been reduced from 54 to 42 hours a week in perennial factories and from 60 to 54 a week in seasonal factories. For overtime work employers will be required to pay workers at the rate twice the ordinary wages as against the present rate of one and a quarter. The amendment also provides for opening canteens in factories and employing more than 250 workers besides certain other amenities.

PROGRESSIVE FORCES MUST HELP INTERIM GOVT.

Labour's Attitude Should Be More Constructive Than Critical, Says T.U.C. Chief

CALCUTTA Feb. 16, (A.P.I.).: Only a tremendous politico-social revolution, either violent, or non-violent, can bring to an end India's gigantic social inequalities, said Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, presiding over the twenty-second session of the All-India Trade Union Congress here to-day.

The A.T.U.C., as the spearhead of the labour movement would have to take a large share in bringing about this revolution, he added.

POST-WAR REPRESSION

Mr. Bose protested against the post-war "repression of labour" and also against legislative efforts, both at the Centre and in the Provinces, "to deprive workers of their right to strike" and urged that the A.I.T.U.C., with socialism as its immediate objective must be prepared to work for it on a well-thought-out plan.

The unity of the workers, he insisted, should be maintained on the basis of a revolutionary programme, and called upon the A.I.T.U.C. to carry the message to the masses, from one end of the country to the other, that the issue before workers was not one of religion but of bread and improved standard of life.

"The masses should be told unceasingly," Mr. Bose said, "that anyone inciting them against brother-men, Hindu or Muslim, was their enemy. The truth must be impressed on them that the raising of hands against fellow men means, particularly for the poor, the destruction of whatever chance there may be for the uplift of their economic condition. It will be making their slavery to the capitalistic classes only the stronger, if they allow themselves to be duped by the name of religion or any slogan to indulge in fratricidal war."

TRIBUTE TO JAWAHAR.

Mr. Bose deprecated the tendency to take it for granted that since a National Government had come into power, labour had nothing more to do than place its case before them. "I have no such illusion", said Mr. Bose, "and recent events have not convinced me that we shall have an easy task before us."

Mr. Bose, at the same time, paid a tribute to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, a former President of the T.U.C., and said: "He is a Prince among Political Sufferers, whose passionate desire to service the masses has earned for him the love and respect of all."

Pointing out that Pandit Nehru's Government was not yet firmly in the saddle, Mr. Bose said: In this transitional stage, when the old bureaucracy representing British Imperialism is passing away, this new Government will require all the assistance from the progressive forces. Our approach to this Government must, therefore, be more constructive than critical.

PRECEPT AND PRACTICE.

I would, therefore, begin by placing before this Government our views in regard to its five-year plan which represents the declared labour policy of the Government."

Mr. Bose was critical of the inaction regarding certain phases of the five-year plan, especially housing for workers and pointed out that "not a brick has been laid nor a bamboo pole set up anywhere in the coal area, though we had been assured that the construction would be completed by the end of March 1948."

If there was a will behind the policy, said Mr. Bose, the difficulties could be overcome "as had been done in the land of the five-year plans."

Mr. Bose urged that the whole policy vis-a-vis labour should be reviewed by a conference of representatives of the Central and Provincial Governments.

REPRESSIVE POLICY

"The economic system as it obtains in India", he said, has proved to be too wooden to be adjusted to the needs of a rapidly changing social fabric. Governments all over the country have resorted to repression as the only effective means of checking the upheaval. There has been a regular blood-bath in many parts of India due to police firing. There have been arrests on a mass scale."

Mr. Bose said that although strikes could not be resorted to on flimsy grounds, the time had not come to cast off "the tremendous weapon that labour has in its hands in organised strikes. He recalled the words of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, "If all normal business and activity throughout the length and breadth of India were suspended for just one week, the British will have to quit in no time", and himself added, "It is altogether inconceivable that such an action may have to be taken to abolish the inequalities of which Mahatma Gandhi has spoken?"

WAY TO COMMUNAL AMITY

Referring to riots, Mr. Bose said that workers belonging to Trade Unions had, generally speaking "kept themselves aloof from the mad orgies."

Mr. Bose suggested that the AITUC should establish contact with Agrarian labour and help them in improving their lot. That, in his opinion, would go a great way "in restoring communal harmony which had been sadly disturbed all over India by political propagandists moving about in the villages and exploiting the discontent in the half-famished agricultural population."

NOT FULLY PREPARED

Dr. A. M. Malik, Chairman of the Reception Committee, said: "I must say that we are not yet fully prepared to combat the combined attack of national and international capitalist forces. The different groups in T.U.C. today are to face the problem of keeping harmony between the party affiliation and the T.U.C. affiliation. I think the time is fast approaching when we should seriously take up the matter and decide once for all to which side we will swing. If we believe in the ideology of the T.U.C.—I mean the complete socialisation of India—whether in Akhand Bharat and in Pakistan—we must either fight with those bodies or sever our connection with them if they stand in our way."

The session was held in a large Pandal at Wellington Square and was attended by over 10,000 persons. Prominent labour leaders from all over India attended the session, including Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. S. A. Dange, Mr. S. S. Mirajkar and Mr. Reid of the N.U.S. of Great Britain. The International Youth Commission, at present in India, was also present.

Treasure Not Found In Text Books

Sir John Sargent On Importance Of Personal Contact With Life

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 16 (A. P. I.): "The greatest treasure which any college or university can bestow on its members is not to be found in prescribed text books or in a lecture room or in an examination hall, but in the formal day to day contact of fresh, keen and generous minds" said Sir John Sargent, Educational Adviser to the Government of India, addressing the annual Convocation of the Osmania University, today.

Sir John Sargent illustrated his observation with anecdotes from his career at Oxford and said: "The most valuable item in it, in my opinion, is the close personal contact which life, in a comparatively small residential college, allowed or even forced one to have with ones fellow students. Indeed the argument among equals is not only the salt of life but is also the very whetstone of truth."

FUNCTIONS OF UNIVERSITY

Outlining the functions of a university Sir John Sargent quoted Cardinal Newman's definition which said that a university aims at retaining the intellectual tone of society, at cultivating the public mind, at purifying the national taste, at supplying the true principles to popular aspiration, at giving enlargement and sobriety to ideas of age, at facilitating the exercise, of political power and refining the intercourse of private life." "It would be difficult for a much cleverer man than me" Sir John said "to improve upon this definition and I am not going to be guilty of diluting these great words into tiresome platitudes."

"A real university" whatever it may teach its students about particular subjects which they come up to study ought, at any rate, to succeed in inculcating in them a certain attitude towards some of the more important issues of life and conduct. It is extremely difficult to find a name for this attitude. The only one I can think of it is the 'style' in the sense in which a French philosopher used it when he said that style is the essence of the inmate and perhaps the hardly realised sense of values which can be brought into action when the situation calls for it."

'STYLE'

Further explaining what he meant by style in its extreme manifestations Sir John quoted examples from western history one such example being the last moments of Sir Philip Sydney who, when mortally wounded in battle, refused a drink of water on the ground that a neighbouring wounded man's need was greater than his. Again in more recent times Captain Oates, in Scott's last Polar expedition, walked out into a blizzard in order that his companion's chances of escape might not be lessened by their having to carry him with them.

Sir John gave these instances to illustrate what he meant by "style" in a high crisis of life and death.".

"I hope very few of you here will be called upon to exhibit style under such circumstances but there will be many occasions in the ordinary course of life when you will be called upon to make a decision the nature of which will be determined by whether you possess style or not", Sir John added.

"I cannot imagine for an instance" Sir John Sargent said, "that anyone with this quality will be led into taking mean advantage of anyone or of writing any anonymous letter or being inconsiderate to a subordinate or being unkind to an animal or spoiling the beauty of a spot, or so on. You will have opportunities of showing whether this university has given you this not easily defined virtue or not. If you seize them you will achieve greatness, even if it may not be what the world commonly estimates as greatness."

READ 'WIDELY & LARGELY'

Stressing the necessity of reading "widely and largely" Sir John said "great books, those that really matter, are by no means always to be found prescribed in examination syllabuses".

He suggested that towards this end the length of high school courses should be extended and normal age of entry to Indian universities raised, even though this was open to criticism on economic grounds. "An Indian student spends on an average a considerably longer time at the university than a British student" he said.

In conclusion Sir John Sargent said "as we sit here bugles are calling all over the world not excluding India. Although some of them appear to be discordant sound. To those who have ears to hear will detect that many of them are blowing not the 'lights out' but a revival call to be up and doing in the new world."

ADVICE TO TEACHERS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 16 (A.P. I.): One of the greatest problems facing India in the field of education was teachers, said John Sargent, Educational Adviser to the Government of India, addressing the Secunderabad Teachers Association last evening.

Even from the view point of the practical administrator, added Sir John the teachers were the most important problem, for the cost and period of any scheme of educational reconstruction depended upon teachers. For example, he said, 25 per cent of the annual expenditure of the 300 crores envisaged in his educational plan would be required to pay the salaries of teachers.

Considering the amount of honour of that traditionally attached profession in India. Sir John continued the profession was a very low paid one. The principal blame for this state of affairs lay not on the teachers or on the educational authorities, but on the population at large.

"We can get teachers we want only if we make the profession reasonably attractive, and it is up to the State and the community to do so".

"Even if we are confident that the money for the scheme be found and other obstacles be overcome" Sir John said "It would take a generation for the standard of education in India to be raised to the required level".

Sir John wanted the teachers organise themselves and make their voice powerful in the country when they could have their legitimate demands accepted without resorting to strikes. This required not only professional qualifications but professional integrity They must have courage to expel from their organisation members who were not fit to be in the ranks of the profession.

EDITORS PLEAD FOR REVISION OF COMMUNAL CONVENTION

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference met again to-day under the presidentship of Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh.

The Committee authorised the President to take legal and professional advice regarding the impending legislation relating to the press in the Provinces and the Centre.

The Committee passed the following two resolutions:—

"The Standing Committee, after consideration of conditions in all the provinces, and the difficulties under which newspapers are working, places on record, and for communication to the Central and Provincial Governments, its decision that the Communal Convention about not reporting the communities of assailants, of victims, etc., should be discontinued as having outlasted any usefulness it may have had at first:

That otherwise also legal restrictions on writing and reporting should not go beyond a restraint on the publication of anything likely to excite communal passion or to incite violence as defined in the Convention and in no case, should Executive precensorship be imposed:

That action against newspapers offending or thought to offend should, so far as possible, be judiciary, and Executive only when prompt action is essential, in the interests of public security and order: an expeditious procedure may be adopted for the disposal of cases thought likely to excite communal passion and they could further be heard 'in camera.'

Further, for communication to all newspapers:

That it is the duty of the press at all times to exercise restraint in comment and report, and especially in times when communal difficulties are likely to excite passion and that voluntary conventions should be respected;

Further that, the Standing Committee takes special note of the difficulties of the respective Governments and the press in Bengal, Behar and the Punjab and while calling on all member-newspapers of the Conference to discharge their duty to the public with full consideration for the responsibilities and anxieties of the Government, it requests these Governments to exercise restrictive powers with all possible consideration of the difficulties under which newspapers in these provinces are working and in a spirit of fairness and impartiality without regard to the communal or political affiliations of the papers concerned.

SECURITY DEMAND

The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference records its emphatic protest against the manner in which securities have been demanded and forfeited and prosecutions started against newspapers in Bengal and regrets that the Press Advisory Committee of the A.-I.N.E.C. was not consulted before this was done in accordance with the practice of the war years.

The Standing Committee requests the Bengal Government

1 To consult the Provincial Press Advisory Committee before demanding securities and starting prosecution of offending newspapers,

2. To allow factual news to be published in newspapers,

3. To remove the headlines restrictions relating to items of news not pertaining to riots, and

4. To rescind all orders concerning securities and withdraw the prosecutions and thus introduce an atmosphere of amity and goodwill so necessary for the maintenance of normal life and normal administrative work in the province.

The Committee decided to hold the next annual session of the Conference and the meeting of the Standing Committee at Madras on April 18, 19 and 20. Nominations for the presidentship duly seconded should be received in Delhi by the Convenor, Mr. J. N. Sahni, before 10th March 1947.

SURPLUS FOOD STOCKS FOR INDIA

Assurance From Delegation To F.A.O.

KARACHI, Feb. 16, (A. P. I.): India would substantially gain from the recommendations made by the Preparatory Commission of the Food and Agricultural Organisation and it would get surplus food stocks to meet her needs as also receive all help to increase her food production. This view was expressed by three members of the Indian Delegation to the F. A. O. Sir S. V. Ramamurthy, Mr. Radhakamal Banerjee and Mr. Radhakumud Mukerjee who passed through Karachi from London on their way to New Delhi today.

Mr. Radhakumud said that the Commission after long discussions arrived at three important decisions namely maximum food production, making the world surplus stocks available to other countries at concessional rates and raising the nutritional standard of under-fed countries.

Sir S. V. Ramamurthy made special mention of the proposed setting up of a Rice Boards for the South East Asia. This board, which, would soon come into existence should relieve the semi-starving millions, he said. He also pointed out that there was some opposition to the setting up of a World Food Board as originally suggested at Copenhagen Conference but it was agreed to set up a Food Council more or less on the lines of the recommendations of Sir John Orr.

Mr. Radhakamal felt that with the setting up of Rice Board and world surplus food stocks being available, the critical food position in India would considerably ease.

ROBERT HUTCHINGS RETURNS

KARACHI, February 16. (A.P.I.): The Secretary of the Food Department of the Government of India,

Light On U.P. White Police Cadre

LUCKNOW, February 15. (A.P.I.): The academic qualifications of 12 out of 53 European police officers at present in the employ of the U. P. Government, including Mr. G. A. Pearce, Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces were "nil" said Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Home Minister, in reply to a question by a Congress member in the U. P. Legislative Assembly today. The Home Minister added that there was no minimum academic qualification fixed for the appointment of European as Assistant Superintendents of Police and there was no proposal to retire all senior police officers who had put in twenty years of service.

The Minister listed twelve police officers whose academic qualifications were "nil", including Mr. G. A. Pearce, Inspector-General of Police.

A series of supplementaries were flung at the Home Minister by Congress members.

One member asked how did the officers, who had no academic qualifications, discharge their duties.

The Home Minister: "Qualifications are not essential for recruitment to the Indian Police".

The questioner: "Can they be called literate"?.

The Minister: "They can sign their names" (laughter).

Question: Is it a fact that a police officer who does not possess any qualifications has been raised to the position of Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces?

The Minister: "I think it must be clear to the member that in the matter of recruitment to the Indian Police no academic qualifications are considered necessary by the recruiting authorities.

Question: Did not the Secretary of State take any other qualification into consideration at the time of recruitment"?

The Home Minister replied that he did not know.

Question: "Is it a fact that in this cadre Indians have not been permitted to complete with Europeans"?

The Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant: "Foreign recruitment has been stopped now. Let bygones be bygones". (loud laughter).

WAR, A "MADMAN'S DREAM"

Lie Says, Nations Are Busy With Home Problems

MINNEAPOLIS, February 17. (U. P.A.): A war between the major powers at this time is a "madman's dream," Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations declared in a speech before the Minneapolis roundtable of the National Conference of Christians and Jews today.

Allaying fears of a new conflict, Lie assured the gathering that "from my own personal observations and conversations with the leaders of these countries, they are far too preoccupied with reconstruction tasks and "domestic problems of the most serious kind" resulting from the war that "none of these countries has the slightest notion that its problems can be settled by a new conflict."

CALL TO HUMANITY

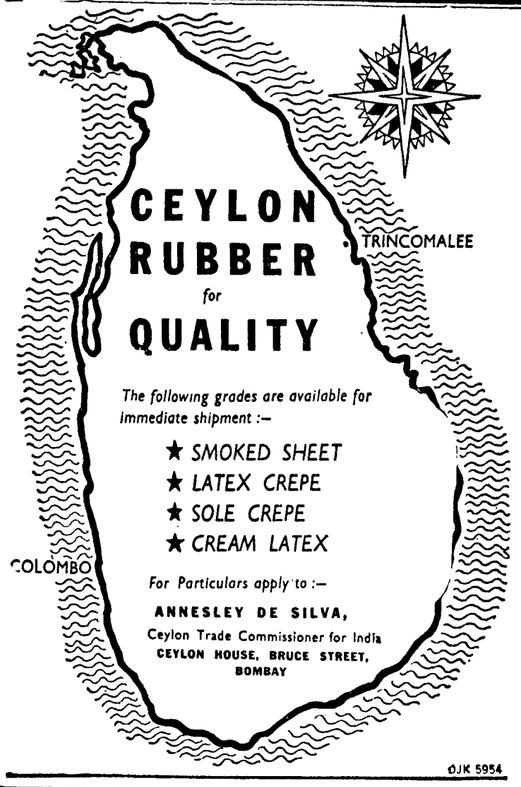
Warning that talk of another war was a "waste of time", Lie called on all peoples to dedicate themselves to the problems of peace, including the world-wide betterment of living standards, health, housing, education and communications.

"Poverty and social misery cannot exist in one country without endangering the peace and prosperity of all other countries," he declared. ".... Peace must be a decent one for all mankind. If we maintain such a high purpose in the relations between all people we cannot fail."

Politicals On Hunger-Strike

LUCKNOW, Feb. 16. (A.P.I.): The President of the District Congress Committee, Garhwal, has sent a telegram to the U.P.C.C. office at Lucknow stating that some political prisoners in Tehri jail are on hunger-strike and he has sought the intervention of the U. P. Congress in the matter.

The U. P. Congress office before taking any steps in the matter sent for detailed information from the President, Garhwal Congress.



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AMERICANS MUST BOOST BRITISH EMPIRE!

Sumner Welles Plumps For Commonwealth Role For World Peace

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. (U.P.A.). Summer Welles to-day declared that the British Commonwealth "is one of the greatest factors for the peace of the word and the maintenance of the Commonwealth should be regarded as one of the most essential objectives of American foreign policy," but until the German peace treaty is signed and world stabilization is thereby promoted, Britain will continue to be drained to support her commitments throughout the world.

"The British cut their liabilities to the barest minimum in the Far East,' Welles said. "By granting independence to India, the British are preparing to withdraw as soon as they can all military forces from that great sub-continent. They are preparing to withdraw from Burma but for the time being they are still compelled to maintain armed contingents in many military outposts in that region, such as Singapore."

Welles also cited world tension as necessitating the presence of British forces in Germany, Palestine, the Mediterranean and other areas but he opined that the signature of the German treaty would obviate many of these.

Lippmann Fears

BRITAIN GOING NEAR RED

LONDON, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): "The crisis has projected for our imagination a picture of the world without the balance wheel of British moderation, without the weight of Britain in democratic scale", writes the "New York Times", on the British coal crisis, replacing the earlier talks about "the collapse of Socialism".

The American publicist, Walter Lippmann, is more explicit and outspoken, and fears that Britain will really go left as experience of this crisiis. He visualises "a radical change in the internal life of the British Isles", and that the United States will "politically and economically be isolated from Europe" as Britain and the Soviet Union will reach an understanding in themselves on the reconstruction of Germany and Europe.

Political observers here do not take quite an optimistic view as this as there is not yet any change noticeable in the foreign and military policies of Britain, but they concede that the result of the crisis will strengthen Trade Union influence on the British Cabinet.

MOVE FOR CENTRAL COMMITTEE FOR HAZARA RELIEF

PESHAWAR, Feb. 16. (U.P.I.): Dr. Khan Saheb, Premier of N.W.F. Province, has issued the following statement to the press: "I notice a number of public spirited persons in the country have come forward and organised relief for the sufferers in the Hazara District and funds are being collected which, I believe, will be disbursed among the sufferers by the various committees. I am of opinion that it will be in the interests of all concerned if a central relief committee is constituted. I am at present studying the proposals with regard to the personnel of this committee. Till such time as the central relief committee is formed, I appeal to all relief organisations to keep the funds with them so that the relief measures do not take a haphazard form but go according to a plan.

"I have no doubt that the promoters of the various relief funds will have no objection in placing the money collected by them at the disposal of the central committee when formed.

HAMBURG, Feb. 15. (Reuter): Criminal police discovered the headquarters of one of the biggest black market rings in the British Zone in a raid last night on a Hamburg hotel which was said to be "stuffed with drugs worth millions of marks, jewellery, diamonds, food and cigarettes"

Hazex, 1057 Kalbadevi Rd Bombay.

Stall No. 181,
Indian Industries Exhibition

CHINA FACES ECONOMIC COLLAPSE

NEW YORK, Feb. 15. (U.P.A.): China is "rapidly approaching a state of complete economic collapse. It should be written off as a market in the foreseeable future," the magazine "Business Week" opined to-day.

"Inflation is completely out of control. A military showdown with the Communists is inevitable. Industry threatens to come to a standstill.

"Don't be surprised if T. V. Soong and other enlightened leaders resign soon,' the magazine said. "The key man in any new Government will almost inevitably be Chen Cheng."

Ten Boys On Murder Charge

STOKE-ON-TRENT, Staffordshire, Feb. 16. (Reuter): Ten boys aged 16 and under were charged with the murder of a junior master found shot in the locker room of a snowbound approved school in Staffordshire.

The boys who had escaped from the school taking with them four 303 rifles from the school armoury were rounded up last night and will appear before a juvenile court to-morrow.

It is probably unique in the annals of British crime for 10 individuals to be charged with the murder of one person.

U.S. UNIVERSITIES MUST KEEP MORE 'OPEN DOOR' TO INDIANS

CAMBRIDGE, Feb. 16. (A.P.A.): Dr. Harlow Shapley, Harvard astronomer said to-day he found India a country where people will fill lecture halls and "sit in the aisles" to hear science lectures and where "the direct interest of High Government officials in science is matched only by Russia."

Back from a month-long tour of Indian Universities and observations on the invitation of India and for the American Association for Advancement of Science of which he is president, Dr. Shapley advocated in an interview that American universities keep "more of an open door to Indian technical students." "Such students would not be a burden to America since they have Government scholarships for their further education."

Dr. Shapley said he was "besieged by students," who asked, "how can you help to get me into the Massachusetts Institute of Technology?"

K.P.C.C.'s PLEA FOR KARNATAK PROVINCE

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI (By Mail): A resolution emphatically declaring that Unification of Karnatak is as important as Independence of India and urging the Karnatak members of the Constituent Assembly and various Provincial Legislatures to strive for the achievement of a separate Karnatak province simultaneously with the new constitution of India was passed by the Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee at its special meeting held recently at Hospet under the presidency of Shri S. Nijalingappa. The meeting was attended by all Karnatak members of the Constituent Assembly and of the Bombay and Madras Legislatures.

MYSORE REFORMS

Referring to the recent political reforms in Mysore the Council says that it is an insult to the people of Mysore that the question of political reforms should be entrusted to an individual, however intelligent and experienced he might be. The Council exhorts the Maharaja of Mysore to concede immediate Responsible Government to the people of Mysore through a Constituent Assembly of duly elected representatives of the State people.

KARNATAK HARBOUR

Regarding development of ports in Karnatak the Council stresses the urgency of undertaking atleast two ports i.e. Karwar and Bhatkal immediately, in view of the expectation of formation of Karnatak Province.

Purshottamdas Warns Surat Cotton Growers

SURAT, Feb. 15, (API): A warning to the cotton growers of Surat district against lowering the reputation of Surat cotton by using the Suyog seed in place of "1027" that has been in vogue for the last many years, was today given by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, who is here on a two-day visit.

Sir Purshottamdas said in an interview that of late the Suyog seed had been replacing the "1027." There was a time when there was strong opposition from the average grower to the 1027. But the reputation of Surat cotton has been built on the "1027" lint.

"The suyog will not hold its own in competition with other staple seeds. It will be a tragedy if the growers in Surat district substitute the "1027" "with anything lower in staple, just because other seeds gave a little nigher yield", Sir Purshottamdas said.

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LET HINDUSTANI REMAIN COMPULSORY SUBJECT

Maharashtra Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sangh's Plea

POONA, Feb. 14 (API.) The Working Committee of the Maharashtra Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sangh at a meeting held here under the presidentship of Mahamahopadhyaya D. V. Potdar, passed a resolution warning the Bombay Government against making Hindustani an optional subject in schools instead of compulsory as at present.

The resolution says that any deviation from the present policy of the Government would hamper the spread of the language.

LEAVE CHOICE OF SCRIPT TO STUDENTS

The Working Committee also urged the Government to continue the present system of leaving the choice of the script to the students, and not to make learning of Hindustani in both the Urdu and Nagari scripts compulsory. Such a step, in the opinion of the Committee, would only help in raising unnecessary controversies and act as a check on the spread of the language.

The discussion on the subject arose out of a suggestion recently made by Acharya Kaka Kalelkar and Mr. Maganlal Desai in the "Harijan" that Hindustani should be made an optional subject in schools pending the acceptance of the idea of learning Hindustani in both the scripts.

The Maharashtra Sangh will shortly convene a conference of all Hindustani workers in the Province at Bombay to consider the subject.

Dacca Ban Withdrawn

DACCA, Feb. 15, (A.P.I.): In view of the further improvement in the situation in the city, the District Magistrate has withdrawn orders under Section 144 of the Cr. P. C. prohibiting carrying of weapons, the assembly of more than four persons in any public place or thoroughfare and keeping of brickbats in houses.

The Order was promulgated on February 10 last following some stray assaults in the city on that day.

INDUSTRY SCARED BY LOOSE TALK OF NATIONALISATION

BOMBAY, Friday.

The need for steadily expanding our production "wherein ultimately lay the solution of the difficulties with which the country is confronted today" was stressed by Mr. D. N. Naik, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, addressing the first quarterly general meeting of the Chamber here today.

Mr. Naik said that even after a year and a half after the war had actually ended, the situation had not improved, and mentioned the wave of strikes and stoppages in the country the disorders in the commercial cities like Bombay and Calcutta, the "vague and loose utterances" of some of the members of the Interim Government on the subject of nationalisation of industry and the political uncertainty hanging over the country as the factor which stood in the way of steady expansion of production.

The President expressed the hope that the Interim Government which were alive to the plight of the country, would take steps to check the upward spiral of prices and bring down the cost of living.

KOYNA POWER PROJECT

Referring to the Koyna power project, Mr. Naik said that this would bring benefit to three or four districts of Maharashtra by bringing into existence new industries there. It would also enable electrification of the existing railway lines passing through these districts, thus saving wasteful consumption of coal by steam locomotives.

Welcoming the Bombay Government's bill to provide for the prevention of fragmentation of agricultural holdings and their consolidation, Mr. Naik suggested co-operative farming of land to provide employment to those peasants who would be dispossessed as the process of consolidation advances.

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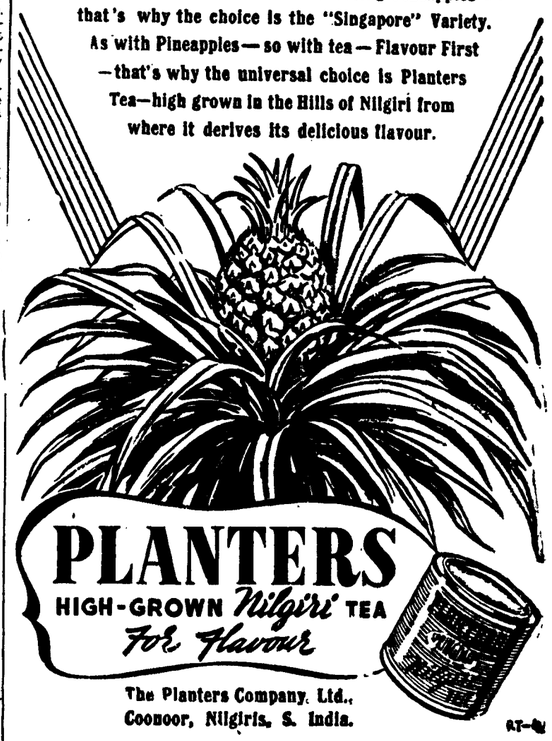

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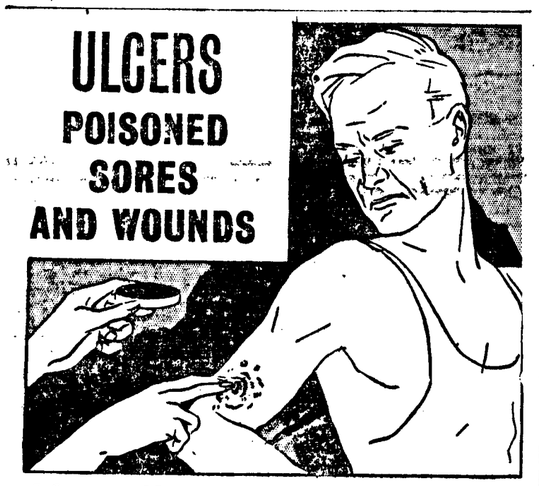

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WORLD - FAMOUS HERBAL OINTMENT

"THEATRE OF IMPERIALISTIC MACHINATIONS"

Soviet Accuses America Of Semi-circling Arctic Basin

MOSCOW, Feb. 15 (UPA): With bases in Alaska, the Aleutians, Greenland, Iceland, and Canada, the United States is semi-circling the Arctic basin which is becoming a "theatre of imperialistic machinations", Soviet writer Ivan Ermashev charged in an article in the magazine "New Times" today

GERMANY WILL BE DEPRIVED OF ANTARCTIC CLAIMS

LONDON, Feb. 15 (UPA): American diplomatic sources predicted today that the German peace settlement will deprive Germany of her claims in the Antarctic.

They said American and British policy favoured a clause to this effect and expressed confidence that France and Russia would agree.

The question was brought to the attention of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers' deputies by Australia today. A memorandum on the German Peace Settlement submitted by the Australian delegate said, "The settlement should include the renunciation by Germany of all her claims to her former colonies and any Antarctic territory".

The principal German claims in the Antarctic were established by Nazi warplanes in 1941. After attacks upon Allied whaling fleets, they flew over sections of Princess Martha Land and Princess Astrid Land and dropped "Swastika-anchored markers staking claims in the name of the Reich. This area was previously claimed by Norway.

Previous German claims to an undefined area of the Antarctic had been based on scientific exploratory expeditions prior to 1910.

After hearing the Memorandum, the Deputies turned once again to a discussion of wider participation for the smaller Allied Powers in German settlement, but once again were unable to reach an agreement.

Soviet Deputy Fedor Gusev objected to a French proposal that all Allies be authorized to discuss freely the aspects of the settlement at Committee level, contending that this would unduly delay the final decision.

"BLATANTLY SLANDEROUS"

LONDON, Feb 15 (Reuter): M Vyacheslav Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Minister, has presented a note to the United States Ambassador in Moscow protesting against the statement made recently in the Senate by Acting Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, on the Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union, the Moscow radio said tonight.

The note claimed that the statement was "blatantly slanderous and hostile to the Soviet Union."

The statement objected to, the radio added, was made by Mr. Acheson in reply to a question by an United States Senator who asked whether he did not think Russia would occupy the rest of Europe and the world if she would thereby gain possession of the atom bomb.

Mr. Acheson's reply was that the Foreign Policy of Russia was aggressive and expansionist.

Albanian Reply To Br. Accusations

NEW YORK, Feb. 15 (Reuter): M. Hysni Kapo, the Albanian Government representative for whom the United Nations Security Council has been waiting to begin discussion on Britain's protest against mine-laying in the Corfu Channel, will arrive in New York by air from Paris to-day.

M. Kapo told correspondents through an interpreter that he had come to America to answer British accusation against Albania.

Asked why he had been delayed so long since he left Albania on January 9, he replied "just bad transport."

RS. 32 CRORES FOR POSTS & TELEGRAPHS DEVELOPMENT

Provision For More Balanced Rural & Urban Economy

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (A.P.I.): The post-war development plan for Posts and Telegraphs involving a capital expenditure of Rs. 32.05 crores in the first five years and a scheme for the expansion of the Madras Telephone system at a capital cost of Rs. 18.7 lakhs were approved by the Standing Finance Committee at its meeting to-day with the Hon'ble Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan presiding.

The Posts and Telegraphs development plan covers a period of 15 years, divided into 3 phases, each covering 5 years Special consideration has been given to the rural areas which are expected to play an increasingly important part in the Post-War India with its more balanced rural and urban economy. The measures which the central, provincial and Indian States Governments have adopted for economic development and for the raising of the general standard of living are expected to create an increased demand for Postal and Telegraph services. The war-time expansion in trade and industry has already created a greater telephone demand than was expected when the initial post-war development scheme was planned.

MEDICAL AID TO INDIAN WOMEN

Standing Finance Committee Allocations

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (API): A proposal for a grant of Rs. 5 lakhs in 1947-48 and Rs. 15 lakhs during the subsequent 4 years to the association for supplying Medical Aid by women to the women of India, was considered by the Standing Finance Committee at meeting today, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan presided.

The Committee approved the grant of Rs. five lakhs in 1947-48, this grant will be made on the basis of the Association's programme and plans for supply of equipment etc. to the hospitals under it.

The Standing Finance Committee also approved a grant of Rs. 2,22,500 to the Lady Hardinge Medical College.

A sum of Rs. 11 lakhs was approved as grant to the Indian Research Fund Association for Medical Research including a programme of clinical research and Industrial Health Research.

An additional subsidy of Rs. one lakh a year to Bhutan was approved by the Committee. Bhutan is at present receiving Rs. two lakhs as subsidy and compensation.

These subsidies form the bulk of Bhutan's revenue. It is proposed to continue the additional subsidy of Rs. one lakh during 1947-48 as a gesture of friendship and to assist the state to undertake beneficial measures for the population.

INDIA HEADING FOR COAL CRISIS?

A. I. T. U. C. President Says Miners' Strike Is Spreading

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15 (A. P. I.): The possibility of a coal crisis in India "not dissimilar to that which has arisen in Britain" was visualised by the President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, to-day in a statement on the strikes in the Bihar coal-fields.

Mr. Bose said that 14,000 miners, including 8,000 in the Kustore coalfields, are at present on strike and the strike appeared to be spreading. "Instead of trying voluntary conciliation with the consent of both parties to the dispute", said Mr. Bose, "the Government of India have resorted to compulsory conciliation by Boards appointed by them. The result has been that the strike has become widespread. I appeal to the Bihar Government and the Government of India to seek other means of settling the dispute. A Board enjoying the confidence of both parties should be appointed immediately and their report should be ready in a fortnight.

The Committee approved a capital outlay of Rs. 13,40,000 for the construction of Additional Police stations in Delhi.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15, (A.P.I.): E. Monk, Ex-Champion, entered the semi-final of the All India Professional Billiard Championship by defeating S. S. Shaw.

The final scores were Monk 1376 Shaw 752, Monk's breaks were 49, 48 42, 67, 72, Shaw 54.

Harijans Quit Village

Anti-Social Reaction To Temple Entry

POONA, Feb. 15 (A.P.I.): The Harijan community of Targaon village in Satara District has found that the well-meant efforts of social workers to throw open temples to them have recoiled badly on the community, according to the Karad correspondent of a local Congress daily.

Following a function last month, at which three temples in Targaon were thrown open to Harijans, anti-social elements of the place are reported to have beaten some Harijans, who had participated in the 'puja' ceremony in celebration of the function. It is stated that these persons also demanded a sum of Rs. 500 from the Harijan community for performing 'rituals of purification', according to 'shastras,' "to wipe out the taint of pollution from the temples and restore their sanctity."

A few Harijan families in the village are stated to have taken fright at this action and left the village.

EGYPTIAN PRINCESS KILLED IN PLANE CRASH

ROME, Feb. 15 (Reuter): An Egyptian Princess was on board the Italian courier plane which crashed to-day in the sea off Terracina while on its way from Rome to Cairo, it is now authoritatively learned.

The plane was a military courier carrying a crew of six with ten passengers. It was going to Egypt to pick up an Italian opera company there.

The Egyptian Princess who was killed in the Italian crash was Princess Amina Fadil. She was 61 years of age.

She was the great grand daughter of Mohamed Aly and a distant relative of King Farouk.

Italian seaplanes and naval ships immediately left for the scene of accident, but found no trace of the plane after a joint search.

People in Terracina said that they heard the explosion at 12-25 P.M. (local time) and saw the plane crash into the sea. The last message received from the plane said that it was flying at 1,500 meteres between two layers of cloud.

The Terracina Railway terminus and seaside resort on the Italian west coast near where the plane crashed in the sea was often bombed by the Royal Air Force during the war.

EGYPTIAN EX-MINISTER DEAD

CAIRO, Feb. 15 (Reuter): Sheik Mustapha Abdel Razek, the Rector of the Islamic University of Al Azhar, died suddenly tonight at the age of 62. Ex-Minister for Wakfs (Pious Foundations), he was the first Sheik to hold Egyptian Cabinet rank.

He renounced the title of Pasha and his Cabinet post on being appointed Rector of the University in 1945.

He was a graduate of the University of which he later became Rector.

Since 1938, he had been Minister for Wakfs in a series of Egyptian Governments.

CENTRAL BUREAU OF PSYCHOLOGY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 15 (API): A proposal for the establishment of a Central Bureau of Psychology under the Central Government was approved by the Standing Finance Committee which met here today under the Chairmanship of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Finance Member

This proposal was made by the Central Advisory Board of Education. The object of the Bureau will be to conduct research in selective methods and standardizing tests of various types in the Educational field.

The total expenditure involved in the establishment of the Bureau is non-recurring Rs. 55,000 in 1947-48 and the total average expenditure when the scheme is in full operation will be Rs. 3.57 lakhs annually. About half of this sum will be incurred in 1947-48.

An additional grant to the Indian Association for the cultivation of Science was also considered and approved by the Committee, this involves a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 9,32,000, including a loan of Rs. 5 lakhs, during the years 1946-47 to 1948-49 and a recurring expenditure of Rs. 36,000 in 1946-49 excluding the ordinary annual grant of Rs. 30,000, Rs. 1,79,000 in 1947-48 and Rs. 2,66,700 in 1948-49 and in subsequent years.

The Standing Finance Committee also considered the estimates for the establishment of the Western Higher Technical Institution and approved a capital expenditure of Rs. 10 lakhs to be incurred during 1947-48 on purchase of a suitable site for the institution.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON WEEKLY REVIEW.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Last weeks advance was extended sharply on heavy mill buying stimulated by the tightening supply situation, favourable prospects of protection and the smaller 1947 acreage and crop ideas predicted on growing realisation that there will be scarcity of phosphates and nitrates in manufacturing commercial fertiliser. Technical considerations and unfavourable foreign news resulted in a momentary pause in the upward movement on Tuesday with some analysis foreseeing a decrease in foreign demand because of the fuel and power shortages in England and the European Continent.

The advance in spot prices above the 33 cents level resulted in freer offerings by some producers. However tney were readily absorbed by shippers and South-Eastern mill interests.

Meanwhile the other producers are reported to be still holding for 35 cents are better. Attention is gradually veering towards new crop preparations with planting now underway in Rio Grande Valley which is a week to ten days behind schedule due to abnormaly cold weather. Latterly the market reacted on increased profit-making and less persistent mill demand.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Feb. 15.

March	33.65
May	32.61
July	30.84
October	27.90
December	27.18
January nominal	26.93
Middling Spot	34.20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

March	33.59
May	32.69
July	30.83
October	27.98
December	27.14
Middling Spot	33.30

CHICAGO WHEAT.
CHICAGO, Feb. 15.
March 2.33-1/2 to 2.33-1/2.
May 2.19-1/4 to 2.19-3/4.
July 1.93-1/4 to 1.93-1/4.
September 1.95-1/2 to 1.95-1/2.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

American Telephone and Telegraph	172-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	34
Anaconda Copper Mining	40-5/8
Chase National Bank	37-1/2
Sinclair Oil	18-7/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	59
General Electric Co.	39
General Motors	68-1/2
Ingersol Rand	124 bid
International Nickel	34-1/2
National City Bank of New York	41-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	20-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	14-1/2
Texas Corporation	59-5/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	97-1/2
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	50
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	76-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	22

U.S. CREDIT FOR HUNGARY

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 (Reuter) The United States has granted a new 15 million-dollar credit to Hungary, it was announced here tonight.

The State Department indicated that further economic aid may be extended.

The credit will allow Hungary to purchase surplus war material in occupied Germany.

A similar amount was granted to Hungary last year.

DISPOSALS

The Regional Commissioner, Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay invites tenders for the purchase and removal of the following:—

STORES NO. 1

DESCRIPTIONS:	QUANTITY.
EMPTY GUNNY BAGS ("D" Class, sound and repairable)	59,589

LOCATION: Wallace Flour Mills, Bombay.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS|30070|TX.

LAST DATE DUE. By 4 P. M. on the 7th March 1947.

Offers should be sent to this office in double covers; the inner being sealed and superscribed with the above Tender number and due date and should remain open for acceptance for a month thereafter.

STORES NO. II

DESCRIPTION:	QUANTITY.
Powells Producer Gas Plant	80 Nos.

LOCATION: Ordnance Depot, Kirkee.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS|VEH|5086.

LAST DATE DUE: By 4 p. m. on the 18th March 1947. Offers should be sent to this office and should remain open for acceptance upto 5th April 1947.

Tender Forms are available separately for Stores No. 1 and 2 on payment of Rs. 5|- per set (Not refundable) from this office, giving full particulars of Stores.

Samples and Stores may be inspected at site on production of permits issued from this office.

Delivery will be ex-site and must be completed within 15 days from the date of acceptance of offer.

All further particulars may be secured from this office.

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER, DISPOSALS, (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY
Tel. 30041 (5 lines)

DS. 218.

Directly You Begin To—
Cough!
Cough!
COUGH!!!
Start Taking VENO'S

VENO'S is Good—VERY GOOD for Coughs. Its *Lightning* action stops coughing, checks tickling in the throat, and allays soreness in the chest. VENO'S is recognised as the dependable way of dealing with COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, CHILDREN'S COUGHS.

VENO'S *Lightning* Cough Cure

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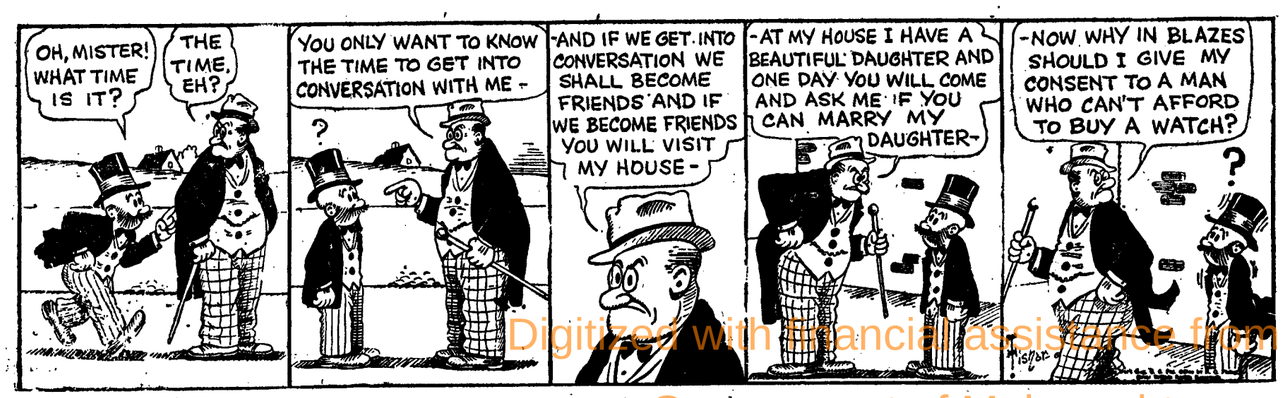
MUTT AND JEFF—Well That's One Way To Settle The "Lend Lease" In Advance — By BUD FISHER


OH, MISTER! WHAT TIME IS IT?
THE TIME, EH?
YOU ONLY WANT TO KNOW THE TIME TO GET INTO CONVERSATION WITH ME -
?
-AND IF WE GET INTO CONVERSATION WE SHALL BECOME FRIENDS AND IF WE BECOME FRIENDS YOU WILL VISIT MY HOUSE -
-AT MY HOUSE I HAVE A BEAUTIFUL DAUGHTER AND ONE DAY YOU WILL COME AND ASK ME IF YOU CAN MARRY MY DAUGHTER-
-NOW WHY IN BLAZES SHOULD I GIVE MY CONSENT TO A MAN WHO CAN'T AFFORD TO BUY A WATCH?
?
Fisher

Why the wise use *Wisdom*

The short head fits the curve of the teeth

The ordinary toothbrush misses awkward corners, leaving dangerous food-particles which breed infection and cause decay.
Wisdom short-head toothbrush fits the inner curve of the teeth and cleans the back of every tooth as thoroughly as the front.
MADE IN ENGLAND
ADDIS
NYLON
Wisdom

THE short head is only one of the advantages of the Wisdom over ordinary toothbrushes. Widely-spaced tapered tufts penetrate between the teeth and "comb out" food particles which breed infection and cause decay. The cranked handle ensures easy and efficient brush-control at all angles.

The Wisdom toothbrush lasts longer too. Its tufts stay springy *three times as long as animal bristles* and they won't come out. Don't merely ask for a "toothbrush": insist on a Wisdom.

Wisdom REGD.
THE CORRECT-SHAPE NYLON TOOTHBRUSH

MADE IN ENGLAND BY ADDIS LTD., MAKERS OF THE FIRST TOOTHBRUSH IN 1780
DISTRIBUTORS: J. L. MORRISON, SON & JONES (INDIA) LTD., P.O. BOX 258, BOMBAY & BRANCHES

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted bridegroom for Gujarati double Graduate girl Thakorlal Harilal Modi Building, Dawoodji Gali, Bhuleshwar, Bombay. 4930

Wanted a Punjabi good-looking and educated girl from a respectable family for an Arora youngman of 32, B (Com.), in business England returned and of good means. Write Box No. 4878, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted a Graduate to work as Resident Secretary for representation work in Government Offices. Pay according to qualifications and experience. Apply Box No. 2137, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a competent Stenographer and a Typist. Apply personally Citizen Credit Syndicate Ltd. "Shanti-Niketen" Versowa Beach, Andheri. 4939

Wanted a Publicity Officer with experience in journalism, publicity and methods and designing of commercial advertisements for a group of industrial concerns. Pay 250-25-500. Apply to Box No. 2136, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerks, Supervisors and Accountants for the Exchange Department of a Scheduled Bank. Applicants with previous experience preferred. Salary according to experience and qualification. Apply Box No. 2133, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted L.C.P.S. Doctor to relieve a practitioner for about a fortnight. Please apply Box No. 4902, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately an experienced clerk with knowledge of Customs work in the Shipping Department of a Steamship Company. Apply Box No. 4905, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately fast accurate experienced typists and stenotypists—grade Rs. 120-20-200 and Rs. 150-25-250—respectively. Apply Box No. 4904, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Superintendents and Inspectors for a Scheduled Bank in the grade of Rs. 500|50|750-E.B.-1,000. Higher starting salary may be given to first-class applicants. Apply with full particulars regarding qualification and experience to: Box No. 1976, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Manager preferaby Maharashtrian at Bharatkoop, U. P., to take immediate charge of stone quarry and crushing plant. Apply with testimonials and state salary and terms to Box No. 4917 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a first class Mechanical Engineer for a Foundry & Workshop in South India. Apply stating experience and remuneration. If called for interview, oneway trainfare will be paid. Kasturi Industries Ltd., Coimbatore. 4887

Wanted a fully qualified Engineer with experience of not less than five years service in any big Textile Mill. He must be an Electrical as well as Mechanical Engineer with complete knowledge of all Textile Machineries. Bright prospects for really capable man. Apply Box No. 1925, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Capable and Influential Persons to be trained as candidates for appointment on regular salary by a well established Life Assurance Company at Bombay. Apply Box No. 1895, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Salesmen for Canteen. About Rs. 25,000 Stores will always be in his charge. Surety Essential. Salary 50 with Boarding and Lodging. Apply O'brai Aundh Camp, Poona. 4920

An appointment is to be made to the post of General Secretary to the Indian Institute of Art in Industry. Apart from administrative ability, candidates should have knowledge of and appreciation for the graphic arts, architecture, and industrial design. Salary Rs. 2,000|- to Rs. 2,500|-. Applications should include full details of past experience together with salaries enjoyed and should be posted to arrive not later than the 10th March, 1947 to the Chairman, Executive Committee, Indian Institute of Art in Industry, Box 440, Calcutta, who will treat them in confidence. 2142

SITUATION WANTED

Young Engineer specializing in Automobile and Internal Combustion Engine-repairs, overhauls and maintenance, seeks a suitable change. Can join in March. Correspond to Box No. 4919, "Bombay Chronicle".

Boy of 19 likes to go overseas. Knows Radio Engineering well. Free services in return of Passage etc. Apply Box No. 4936, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply prospectus, Shree Digvijaysinhji Dental Institute, Jamnagar. (4706)

Admissions Davar's College of Commerce—professional and Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates, Under-graduates and others. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 4933

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted to buy on lease Ice Plant of 10 to 30 Tons in working order. Write to Post Box No. 162 Karachi. 1955

MEDICAL ADLETS

A Dama Haran Amrit Booti of 150 years' fame relieves Asthma completely by one dose taken on 7-3-47 Full Moon night. Apply in English. Manager, Gita Karyalaya, P.O. Nagod (Jubbulpore). 4921

Registered — Ansuiya-Hills-Herb-A most powerful and well-renowned Asthma extra ordinary Herb for more than 150 years founded by a Sidha Mahatma is to be taken once in a month on full-moon-day 7-3-47. Correspondence in English. Mahatma, S. K. Dass Sri Sant Sewa Ashram P. O. Chitrakot (Banda). 4927

VEHICLES FOR SALE

Reo Heavy Duty Truck Chassis available from stock. 30 h. p. seven main-bearing engine, five forward gears, vacuum-boosted brakes, extra thick guage Chassis frame. Federal Motors, Hughes Road, Bombay. 2135

1940 model Panther 2 1|2 h.p. motor cycle O.H.V., sparingly used and excellent mechanical condition. Over 100 m.p.g. Rs. 1,500|- or near offer. Federal Motors Hughes Road, Bombay. 2135

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Wanted Financing Partner with initial capital of Rs. 10,000 for safe and Lucrative Business. Post Bag 6604. Bombay 19. (4913)

Wanted A Financier Willing To Invest One Lakh in Profitable Import Business, having sole representation. Write for interview to Box No. 4873 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to Secure woollen and Silk Cloth Orders, terms liberal free. Apply Western Textiles, Ludhiana. (4540)

Wanted Agents or Stockists for our Pearl, Horn and Nut Buttons. Diamond Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (4880)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Representative of J. W. Seal will shortly visit Bombay for purchase of Convertor (from direct current to Alternative current) Printing machine, Paper cutting machine, all kinds of Printing & Binding materials and office stationery articles. Interested parties please correspond to Post Box 90, Calcutta 1. (2020)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Plots for sale in new modern colony, centrally situated, adjoining south west of Dun School. All modern facilities including sites reserved for Club, Play ground, School, Hospital, Swimming Pool, Cinemas. Best climate all the year round. 75 minutes Motor drive to Mussooree or Hardwar. Ideal Educational facilities. Each plot about 1,200 square yards. Communicate: A. M. Verma c|o. R. S. Dewji Dharsi & Son, Tara Baug Estate, Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay 4. Telephone No. Office 24611, Residence 88073. 4931

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Rupees Twenty-five thousand's insurance Policy for an investment of Rupees five hundred. For Natural Death Rupees Twenty-five thousand. Accidental Death Rupees Fifty thousand. Loans will be given for Sickness, Education, Marriages, Business, for Buying or Building house. Wanted Ladies and Gentlemen everywhere to work in spare time. Daily income Rupees Hundred! Before insuring of every kind in any Company of the world. please obtain expert advice from us. Apply immediately Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company, Post Box Number—713, Bombay. 1. Telegraphic Address: "Bhogilalco". Bombay (4914)

Leave in Kashmir—Well furnished House-boats, Gulmarg Huts, of different accommodations available. Apply Eastern Agency, Srinagar, Kashmir. 4662A

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A number of Standard typewriters in excellent condition of various makes are ready for sale. Bombay Typewriting Institution, opposite General Post Office, Fort, Bombay, Telephone 21084. 4875

For Sale—(1) Ladders of American make. Extension type 30ft. Step ladders 8 to 14 feet etc. Immediate delivery. (2) American made Heating Units, hand separated, Petrol burning and electric. Various portable types; sizes from 20,000 B.T.U. per hour to 350,000 B.T.U. Immediate delivery. (3) Portable Water-Proof Canvas Shelters of American manufacture. Tubular steel frame with waterproof canvas duck cover, windows, ventilators and doors with inter-locking fasteners. Sizes from 6ft.x6ft. to 14ft.x14ft. Immediate delivery. (4) Approximately 40/50 tons of American Wire Nails (non-controlled categories) in about 85 assorted sizes. Materials lying in Titaghur, Panagarh, Karachi and Agra Depots For No 4 only offers invited, preferably after inspection, before the 20th instant. For full details on all the above four items, please apply to Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur Air Depot, 24 Parganas, Bengal. 1909

Available for immediate delivery Rayon Jacquard Brocades, Non-Tarnishable Silver and Gold Metallic Goods, Satin Lastex and Rayon Drafery. Reply Air Mail—P. O. Box 2714, Paterson, N. J., U.S.A., for details, prices and samples. 2134

Naval Craft lying in Madras Harbour of the following dimensions are for quick sale. Double plank Hulls and twin engines in good condition with all equipment, 2 Ramped cargo lighters 52 x 18 (Gray Marine—petrol), 5 'D' type tugs 46 x 10½ (Chrysler Marine—petrol), 1 Motor fishing vessel 51 x 15 (Atlantic Diesel). Please send your highest offers to M/s Motu Industries Ltd., Rajahmundry. 4918

For Dealers in Cycle & Auto-accessories, offering a few outstanding products. Lucas-type Bells & Motor Horns our specialities Please contact Reynolds Corporation, 7-Beadon Road, Lahore. 4899

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIV. III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi.

DISPOSAL NOTICE NO. H-273(F).

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase is prepared to consider offers to purchase the following quantities of Skim Milk Powder at below or above the price mentioned in column 5 below.

S. No.	Store.	Approx. quantity.	Location.	Price per lb. ex where lying.
1	2	3	4	5
		Tons lbs.		
1	Skim Milk Powder (Spray dried)	164 - 0	Eastern Command area	As. -|8|- (annas eight).
2	Milk Powder Skimmed	5 - 689	No. 4 IRBSD, Avadi	—do—
3	Skim Milk Powder	16 - 1608	No. 20 ABSD, Calcutta Baleeghat Siding	—do—
4	Skim Milk Powder	0 - 1581	I.S.S.D., Allahabad	—do—
		186 - 1438		

1. Intending purchasers are invited to submit offers in Sealed envelopes marked tender No. H-273(F) for the whole or part of the above stocks, to the Chief Director of Purchase on basis of the Food Department. Special conditions of sale and conditions of contract contained in Form FD(M) 70, copies of which can be obtained on application from the Chief Director of Purchase.
2. Offers will be considered rate quoted being equal, strictly on priority of receipt and contracts of sale will be concluded subject to availability. Last date for receipt of offers is 26-2-47. Offers will be opened at 11 a. m. on the following day.
3. Intending purchasers should state in their offers that they agree to abide by the terms and conditions governing the sale.
4. Earnest money calculated at 5% of the value of goods tendered must be sent with the offers in the form of Deposit at call receipt on Demand Draft from the Imperial Bank of India or the Reserve Bank of India or any scheduled Bank or Treasury Chalan (classified under the head 'Revenue Deposit') in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase.
5. Offers not supported by Earnest money in the prescribed form will not be considered.
6. Offers shall remain open upto 28-3-47. If the tender is revoked within this period, the Earnest money will be liable to be forfeited to Government.

(2002)

WANTED

SUPERINTENDENTS AND INSPECTORS

For a Scheduled Bank in the grade of Rs. 500/50/750-E.B.-1,000. Higher starting salary may be given to first-class applicants.

Apply with full particulars regarding qualification and experience to: Box No. 1976, "Bombay Chronicle." 1976

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIVISION III).

NOTICE.

MANUFACTURERS in India already established for the production of food items below and interested in meeting the requirements of the Government are requested to apply immediately to Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food (Div: III), Jamnagar Estates, Mansingh Road, New Delhi for particulars.

1. Bacon Tinned.
2. Baking Powder.
3. Biscuits Fancy.
4. Biscuits Service.
5. Cheese Tinned.
6. Cornflour.
7. Cocoa Powder.
8. Herrings Tinned.
9. Fruits Dried
10. Fruits Tinned.
11. Jam.
12. Marmalade.
13. Golden Syrup.
14. Honey.
15. Margarine.
16. Mustard.
17. Oatmeal.
18. Onions Dehydrated.
19. Pickles.
20. Potatoes Dehydrated.
21. Sausages Tinned
22. Vegetables Tinned.
23. Vegetables Dehydrated
24. Arrowroot.
25. Vinegar.
26. Lime Juice Cordial.
27. Potatoes Tinned.

(2001)

DACCA UNIVERSITY

Applications are invited for a Readership in English on a salary in the scale of Rs. 400-40|2-600 p.m., initial salary depending on qualifications. Nine copies of application and of all testimonials giving the names and addresses of three referees must reach the Registrar not later than the 15th March, 1947. For full particulars please apply to the Registrar. 1943

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
LAND AND BUNDERS DEPARTMENT

FREE
DUMPS OF CHARCOAL DUST at Port Trust Coal and Charcoal Depot at Fosbery Road, Haji Bunder, Sewri, are available to the public for free removal. For permission and particulars contact Assistant Manager, North District, Darukhana, Bombay 10. (Phone No. 70060)

H. G. DOSHI. B.E., M.I.E.
Manager. 1884

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.
OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL OFFICER, ELECTRIC GRID

TENDER—NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Telephone-Equipments in accordance with the following specification for the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme, and will be received in the office of the Electric Grid Department, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, upto 5-0 p. m. on 7th April, 1947.

SPECIFICATION NO. ELG|T-5.
TELEPHONE-EQUIPMENTS FOR THE NORTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME.

Specification and general conditions of contract can be had from the office of the Electric Grid on payment of Rs. 10|- per set to the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, for credit to the head, "XLI—Receipts from Electricity Schemes—Miscellaneous receipts", and on production of the receipt when applying for the same

Firms outside Bombay may, however, remit the amount to the office of the Electric Grid directly by Money Order No refund is permissible after payment.

Applicants must be on approved list of contractors of Public Works Department, or Supply Department.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. B ADVANI,
Special Officer (Electric Grid),
Government of Bombay,
Bombay.

Dated 11th February, 1947.

(1991)

NOTICE.

THE MILITARY Hutments at Kakori near Versowa 3 miles from Andheri Railway Station are to be let out for residential use.

The undersigned will receive offers for the lease of the structures either in one lot, in groups of buildings, or, separately for each building, upto Friday the 28th February, 1947. Preference will be given to bonafide co-operative societies or associations. The buildings are to be leased by Government in their existing conditions but the lessees will be permitted to carry out any additions and alterations to the buildings, on certain terms which can be ascertained by application to the undersigned.

2 Terms and conditions of lease can be obtained from the office of the undersigned. The buildings can be inspected on site by previous appointment.

DIRECTOR OF LABOUR WELFARE,
Labour Welfare Department,
DeLisle Road, Bombay 11.

(2012)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Muslim candidates to fill a permanent post of whole time Medical Superintendent for the Comilla District Jail. Pay—Rs. 450-65c plus house allowance according to the local rate of rent but not exceeding Rs. 55 per mensem in lieu of free quarters. Age—must not be less than 28 years and more than 45 years on 1st February, 1947. Preference will be given to a candidate who is a native of, or permanently domiciled in Bengal. Qualifications—A candidate must be in good health and physically fit to hold both executive and medical charge of the jail: must be a graduate of a recognised University holding the degree of Bachelor of Medicine or at least its equivalent: must hold a diploma in tuberculous diseases from a recognised University: or must have worked as a House Physician in the Tuberculosis Ward of a first class hospital or in a Tuberculosis Sanatorium for at least one year and must produce certificates from qualified medical practitioners under whom the candidate worked there that he has acquired a high standard of knowledge of and familiarity with the epidemiology, pathology, diagnosis and treatment of tuberculous diseases: must have acquired by suitable training proficiency in radiological technique and the interpretation of chest cardiograms. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November, 1946 provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing, of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in hand writing and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own hand writing. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 21st February, 1947. 2129

THE MAHABIR INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1935
Head Office MAHABIR BUILDING,
5, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.
Managing Director:
LALA KARAMCHAND THAPAR.

Under its Scheme of progressive Expansion, The "Mahabir" intends appointing CHIEF AGENTS or BRANCH SECRETARIES at BOMBAY, SURAT, AHMEDABAD, POONA & BARODA.

Applications are invited from persons with previous experience and able to guarantee substantial business. Very attractive terms will be offered to the right type of men.

Apply in confidence to:
V. D. CHAWLA,
General Manager. 1948

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
PUBLIC NOTICE
"HOLI FESTIVAL"

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY WARNED that no holes should be dug in any street, in connection with the 'Holi' festival, without written permission of the undersigned as provided in Section 322 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

No holes will be allowed in streets traversed by tramways or treated with a permanent mode of construction such as sheet asphalt, settstones or concrete. Permission for digging holes in roads water-bound or surface-dressed with bitumen, tar-macadam, etc., will be granted free of charge, for a period not exceeding six days, (i.e. for the Full-Moon day and the following five days) on application to the Special Engineer not later than 24th February, 1947, on receipt of an undertaking that the holes so made will be filled in immediately after the festival, and the roads reinstated to their original condition to the satisfaction of the Special Engineer.

B. K. PATEL,
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER,
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 14th February, 1947. 2125

NOTICE
THE BRITISH BURMAH PETROLEUM CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 28611 for 25 shares bearing distinctive Nos. 950679 to 950703 standing in the name of Goolam Husein Currimji (now deceased) is reported LOST. All persons having any lien, claim or interest in the same are requested to inform the Company within fifteen days from date, after which the Company will issue duplicate Certificate for the said 25 shares.

LOCAL SECRETARY,
Parsee Bazar Street, Fort,
Bombay, 14th February, 1947. 2124

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 626999 on the life of Vithaldas Chhaganda Mistry of Bombay. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAN,
Manager. 1937

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL TECHNICAL POWER BOARD

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Assistant Librarian in the scale of Rs. 150-10-250 plus usual Dearness and other Allowances admissible at Simla. Higher starting pay within the scale can be given depending upon the qualifications and experience of the selected candidate. Desirable qualifications: (a) A degree in Science, (b) A diploma in Librarianship, (c) Rudimentary knowledge of French or preferably German and (d) 2 years' experience in a Library. Applications stating age, War Service, if any, and the present employment (if any), with salary, addressed to the Chairman, Central Technical Power Board, "Cleremont" The Mall, Simla, should reach before the 10th March, 1947. Candidates will have to come for interview at their own expense. 2126

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Muslim candidates to fill a temporary vacancy in the post of Assistant Engineer under the Directorate of Public|Engineering, Bengal, in the Bengal General Health Service on a fixed pay of Rs. 200/- per month plus usual dearness allowance. Age—must not be less than 30 years on 1st February, 1947. Qualifications—A candidate must be a B.E. of an Indian University or hold a degree equivalent thereto or be a corporate member of the Institution of Engineers (India). Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November 1946 provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing, of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for the receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 24th February, 1947. 2127

NOTICE

THE AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER, Bombay Province, Poona, invites tenders for the preparation of up to 30,000 tons of manure mixture of groundnut cake, sulphate of ammonia and bone-meal in the proportion of 8:2:1 respectively, before the end of May, 1947. The ingredients viz. groundnut cake, sulphate of ammonia and bone-meal will be supplied by Government free of cost at the place of preparation. Groundnut cake and sulphate of ammonia, if necessary, will have to be powdered by the tenderers to not less than 40 mesh fine before the mixture is prepared. Gunny bags, which have also to be provided by the tenderers, should be sufficiently sound to bear transport and handling without leakage. Each bag should contain 80 or 160 lbs. mixture net, the size of bag to be stated in the tender submitted.

The tender rate per ton to be delivered to Government should be for delivery at the place of manufacture and should include the cost of grinding groundnut cake and sulphate of ammonia, if necessary, and the cost of the necessary gunny bags, packing, stitching, etc.

Tenderers should state if they have the mixing machines necessary and what quantity of the completed manure mixture can be stored by them prior to delivery to Government. They should also report what quantity they can prepare weekly or monthly.

Successful tenderers will have to permit officers of the Agricultural Department to analyse the mixture in order to verify the correctness of the proportions of the various ingredients.

Tenders should reach the Agricultural Commissioner, Bombay Province, Poona, before the 25th February, 1947. Tenders received after that date will not be considered.

NOTICE

THE MILITARY HUTMENTS at Kakori near Versowa three miles from Andheri Railway Station are to be let out for residential use.

The undersigned will receive offers for the lease of the structures either in one lot, in groups of buildings, or, separately for each building, upto Friday, the 28th February, 1947. Preference will be given to bona fide Co-operative Societies or Associations. The buildings are to be leased by Government in their existing conditions but the lessees will be permitted to carry out any additions and alterations to the buildings, on certain terms which can be ascertained by application to the undersigned.

Terms and conditions of lease can be obtained from the office of the undersigned. The buildings can be inspected on site by previous appointment.

DIRECTOR OF LABOUR WELFARE,
Labour Welfare Department,
DeLisle Road, Bombay 11 2138

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN CENTRAL SUGARCANE COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the undermentioned posts at the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore ON CONTRACT BASIS, FOR A PERIOD OF THREE YEARS. Only candidates with high academic qualifications and long research and technical experience in their particular subject at a University, Technological Institute or in the Sugar Industry and holding responsible positions, preferably in the sugar line, need apply:—

(1) PROFESSOR OF SUGAR TECHNOLOGY — ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS: (i) A good degree in Science or Chemical Technology or equivalent, (ii) a special training in the Chemistry and Technology of Sugar manufacture and (iii) practical experience of at least 10 years as a manufacturing Chemist or Technologist in Sugar Factories in India, Java or other countries.

(2) PROFESSOR OF SUGAR ENGINEERING — ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS: (i) A good degree in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering with a Membership or an Associateship of a recognized Institution of Mechanical, Electrical or Civil Engineers, (ii) training in a firm of manufacturers of sugar or similar other machinery and (iii) practical experience of at least 10 years in the designing and manufacturing of Cane Sugar Machinery and|or of erecting and operating Cane Sugar Factories.

(3) PROFESSOR OF SUGAR CHEMISTRY — ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS: (i) A Doctorate in Organic Chemistry or Bio-Chemistry or Physical Chemistry or in Chemical Engineering, (ii) research experience of at least 10 years with special reference to Sugar Chemistry in any one of these subjects and (iii) practical experience and ability to carry out and direct research on industrial problems connected with sugar.

AGE:—Not over 45 years, but relaxable in special cases.

SCALE OF PAY:—Rs. 1,500-50-2,000 per mensem without war allowance.

PROBATIONERY PERIOD: One year.

DUTIES:—Teaching of Postgraduate and other students, carrying out and directing research, advising Sugar Factories and undertaking such other work as may be entrusted to them.

Selected candidates will be called for an interview to New Delhi at their own expense. Government servants and those employed in the Industry should apply through the proper channel. Applications accompanied with copies of published papers and details of the present pay and scale, the time by which they can join, if selected, should reach the Secretary, Indian Central Sugarcane Committee, No. 3 Pusa Road, New Delhi, not later than the 31st March, 1947. 2019

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill a vacancy in the post of Principal, Calcutta Training School. The appointment will be made on contract for a period of five years in the first instance. Pay Rs. 1,200-1,500 with a motor car allowance of Rs. 80/- per mensem, house allowance of Rs. 125/- per mensem and dearness allowance at the existing sanctioned rates. There will be no bar to the maximum pay being given to a specially qualified candidate. Qualifications—A candidate must be of good character: must be of good physique and also free from organic defects and bodily infirmity: must be either an Associate of the Royal College of Science or a graduate in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of a British University. Corporate Membership of a recognised Institution of Engineers would be an advantage and one who has been either Principal or Deputy Principal of a Technical School in one of the industrial towns of Great Britain would be preferred: must have experience in modern methods of teaching engineering subjects and preferably have been engaged in actual practical construction or designing work for a period of not less than five years. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November, 1946 provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing, of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 1st March, 1947. 2130

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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